

CHINESE GIVE UP SHANSI, FLEE ACROSS YELLOW RIVER

Pe Force Retreats Into Shensi Province, Communist Stronghold on West, Which Japanese Are Expected to Invade.

HEADQUARTERS HEAVILY BOMBED

Waders Also Gain in Shantung Sector, Where Tank Units Push Within 10 Miles of East End of Janghai Railway.

By Associated Press
CHINHAI, March 1—Japan's forces struck heavily today at Chinese Communist forces while in Shensi Province was preparing to invade a new province, and the Communist stronghold, an army spokesman said Japanese planes had bombed the southern Shensi headquarters of Chu Teh, the Communist commander-in-chief who has directed most effective opposition to the forces in Shensi.

With Japanese infantry rapidly reaching the Yellow River, along Shensi's western and southern border, Japanese planes swooped over Tungkwan, gateway to Shensi and other Eastern cities, indicating a drive into province was imminent.

And lies just west of Shensi, Yellow River forming the boundary.

Artillery Joins in Attack.

At bombing of Chu's headquarters was part of a severe air and artillery attack administered to the Japanese in Southern and the conquest of that area will be under control of nearly the vast territory north and the vast Yellow River.

The fighting Chinese were routed continuously by Japanese and seeking to rout completely Chinese armed forces remaining in the U-shaped Yellow River's course through Mid-

Asia.

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Spain Calls 130,000 Youths of 19 And Men of 30 for Service in Army

New Draft Will Increase Government Force to 780,000—Older Class to Go on Duty in Few Days.

By Associated Press.

MADRID, March 1—Government Spain drafted youths of 19 and men of 30 today to increase its army from an estimated 650,000 to a possible 780,000.

All classes between 19 and 30 previously had been taken into service. The 30-year-old class was ordered to report with uniforms, blankets and eating utensils, and in view of previous training, probably will go into service in a few days.

The 19-year-old recruits will be sent to training camps to be ready

for fighting in about six months. About 25 persons moved from the American Embassy today when it was closed to non-Government employees. Most of the group were servants of former American residents, who left about 15 months ago. The move was dictated by a shortage of food, under new regulations whereby persons living in embassies are not permitted any special privileges. There now remain in the embassy about 25 clerks and servants.

There has been practically no fighting reported in the Spanish civil war for 48 hours.

FAIR, WARMER TONIGHT; CLOUDY, MILD TOMORROW

THE TEMPERATURES.

Yesterday's high: 42 (3:45 p.m.); low: 28 (4 a.m.).

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity: Fair and warmer tonight; lowest temperature about 44; tomorrow partly cloudy, with mild

Missouri: Fair and warmer tonight; tomorrow partly cloudy, except possibly rain in extreme southwest portion; warmer in south portion.

Illinois: Fair and warmer tonight; tomorrow partly cloudy, warmer in extreme south portion.

Sunrise, 5:53; sunrise (tomorrow), 6:32.

Stage of the Mississippi at St. Louis, 9.3 feet, a fall of 0.1; at Gratiot, Ill., 8.9 feet, a rise of 0.1; the Missouri at St. Charles, 11.2 feet, no change.

LA GUARDIA LOSES IN FIGHT TO CUT BUDGET BY \$811,000

New York Court of Appeals Upholds Rulings Sustaining Board of Estimate Program.

By Associated Press.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 1—May. F. H. LaGuardia of New York City lost his fight yesterday for a reduced city budget, when the State Court of Appeals upheld the \$889,000 budget of the Board of Estimate.

Associates preparing to celebrate his birthday said the poet had one great wish—to come to Rome, which he had shunned for years, to embrace Mussolini.

Mussolini is expected to attend the funeral. Last year he named the poet head of the Academy of Italy, succeeding the late Marquis Guglielmo Marconi, d'Annunzio failed to come to Rome to be inducted.

His health had not been robust in the past year. He kept much to himself in his villa, Il Vittoriale Degli Italiani, a spacious property on which he could walk and from which he could sail on Lake Garda without contact with the outside world.

D'Annunzio, Poet and Soldier Was Author of 54 Volumes.

D'Annunzio was a many-sided man, a colorful figure. Out of his seizure of the city of Fiume at the close of the World War arose a story that he was not an Italian, but the son of a Dalmatian Jew, Abruzzi, and that the name Gabriele d'Annunzio was assumed for literary purposes.

The Court's action defeated the Mayor's attempt to take \$311,000 of this year's budget by cutting salaries of several hundred city employees and 65 county jobholders whom he said were "useless politicians."

In a test case, Edmund J. Dixon, a Municipal Court clerk whose salary was \$4000 in the Board of Estimate budget and \$3000 in the Mayor's budget, filed the action against the Mayor.

CREW DIGS 10 DAYS, SAVES DOG TRAPPED IN FOX HOLE

12 Men Work Night and Day, Blast Out 23 Feet of Stone and Find Terrier Alive.

By Associated Press.

DUQUESNE, Pa., March 1—Spoty, a black and white fox terrier, was rescued and apparently in good condition at 1:30 p.m. today from a fox den in which he had been entombed for 250 hours. He was fed a little milk and removed to the house of his owner, Emmet Simon of Farley, Ia.

Twelve men worked day and night for 10 days to retrieve the animal, which was trapped when he wriggled into the fox hole. The rescuers, by blasting and digging through limestone, had reached a depth of 23 feet.

Three Planes, Ice Breaker, Two Ships Trying to Rescue Them.

By Associated Press.

MOSCOW, March 1—Three planes, an icebreaker and two ships worked yesterday to rescue 175

fishermen stranded on drifting ice in the Caspian Sea since a storm blew them away from shore 10 days ago.

Radio reports one plane was forced down on ice by fog. For

several days the flyers have been

dropping provisions for the fisherman and their horses, as well as notes directing them how to reach shore. Of 457 originally adrift all but 175 have reached land.

Continued on page 4, Column 1.

GEN. PERSHING'S RECOVERY HINGES ON HIS HEART NOW

Physician Says He Will Get Well If It Remains Able to Handle Large Amounts of Fluid.

SLEEPS THROUGH MOST OF MORNING

Patient Fully Conscious—Said to Have Taken Small Amounts of Soft Food for First Time.

By Associated Press.

TUCSON, Ariz., March 1—Philip H. Philbin Jr., stock market operator, pleaded guilty before United States District Judge John C. Knox today to the 14-count indictment charging him and others with using the mails to defraud, conspiracy and violation of the National Securities Act in connections with Atlas Tack Corporation stock.

Before Philbin entered his plea, William L. Jarvis of Boston and Samuel L. Gaines of New York, indicted with him, withdrew their earlier pleas of not guilty and pleaded guilty.

The physician described the heart as competent at present.

Dr. Davidson said the World War commander's kidneys were functioning sufficiently to remove some of the poisonous substances which had accumulated in the blood.

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9 PLEAD GUILTY OF MAIL FRAUD AND CONSPIRACY

Philip H. Philbin Jr., Stock Market Operator, and Six Other Men and Two Corporations.

ATLAS TACK STOCK PRICE MANIPULATED

Group Ran Shares Up From \$6 to \$34 in 1933 After Acquiring Control —It Later Fell to \$6.

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BRITISH CABINET MEMBERS PLANS HOME PARLEY

British Ministers Meet
Premier and Lord
Who Will Conduct

ERLAIN GETS
CONFIDENCE VOTE

Selection of Viscount
in Eden's Place
Approved by Commons,
to 99.

By the Associated Press.
LONDON, March 1.—An unusual Cabinet meeting was held at No. 10 Downing street today to discuss with Lord Perth, Ambassador to Rome, his instructions for opening talks designed to effect friendship with Italy.

Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain and Foreign Secretary Viscount Halifax called in Sir John Simon, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Sir Samuel Hoare, Home Secretary; Sir Thomas Inskip, Defense Minister; Leslie Hore-Belisha, War Secretary; A. Duff Cooper, First Lord of the Admiralty; Malcolm MacDonald, Dominion Secretary; William Ormsby Gore, Secretary of State for Colonies; and the Marquess of Zetland, Secretary of State for India.

Attendance of the eight key Ministers with the Prime Minister and Foreign Secretary reflected the far-reaching nature of the problems to be discussed with Italy, involving empire defense and dominion and colonial considerations.

The Cabinet, it was understood, still has to approve full details of Lord Perth's mission. He will return to Rome at the end of the week.

Questions in Commons.

Labourite A. V. Alexander asked in Commons today about unconfirmed reports that Spanish insurgent General Gonzalo Queipo de Llano had charged that Gibraltar had been stolen from Spain and would be recovered. Chamberlain replied that he was seeking an official report and would "consider what importance should be attached to these statements."

Reports describing Lady Ivy Muriel Chamberlain, widow of Sir Austen Chamberlain, the Prime Minister's half-brother, as "unofficial" Ambassador to Italy, were injected into the debate.

Geoffrey L. Mander, an opposition Liberal, demanded to know whether anyone outside the Rome Embassy had been authorized to hold conversations with Italian officials regarding British-Italian negotiations, to begin shortly. Chamberlain replied there was no such unauthorized envoy.

Mander also asked for assurance that the Government was sticking by its stand that Germany's demands for colonies would not be considered except as part of a general European settlement. Chamberlain answered: "I have nothing to add to previous statements" on colonies.

To another question from Mander on Italian anti-British propaganda, Chamberlain responded: "I believe it has ceased."

Commons Votes for Halifax.

Chamberlain's choice of Viscount Halifax as Foreign Secretary, succeeding Anthony Eden, received a vote last week on his foreign policies last night. The vote was 26 to 99.

Chamberlain won a confidence vote last week on his foreign

policy.

The fight on Halifax was based on the fact that he is a member of the House of Lords, and therefore not available to answer questions in the House of Commons.

Maj. Clement Attlee and other opposition leaders pointed out they had nothing against Halifax except he was wearing Chamberlain's colors and was not a member of commons.

Winston Churchill asked the opinion bluntly, "What is the use for the moon when you are in sun?" meaning Chamberlain's many available to answer foreign policy.

With the Government in, Churchill belittled Cabinet members to Chamberlain's "unpromising" of seeking an alliance with Italy and Germany. Halifax: "It would be a waste to dismiss him as a one-at-a-time person."

Capital and France are negotiating secretly on the possibility of enlisting Italian aid to safeguard Austrian independence.

Chamberlain, however, was reported to be still undecided how he could go along with the high demands for action to halt invasions in Austria.

Chamberlain told the House that he could take no official action under present conditions, as ties were broken at the time between Reichsfuehrer and Austrian Chancellor Schuschnigg.

Social Figure in Political Fight



LADY IVY CHAMBERLAIN, widow of Sir Austen Chamberlain and sister-in-law of the British Prime Minister.

WOMEN IN BRITAIN'S POLITICAL STORM

TESTIFIES WOMAN WARD
BOSS SAID J. PENDERGAST
WAS THE 'PAY-OFF' MAN

Continued from Page One.

Widow of Chamberlain's Half-Brother Receives Italian Order of Merit.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, March 1.—Two wealthy women high up in the line of those said to have the ear of Prime Minister Neville Chamberlain figure in the political storm now raging over his new foreign policy.

They are Lady Astor, Virginia-born hostess of the so-called Cliveden set of powerful political leaders, and Lady Ivy Muriel Chamberlain, widow of the Prime Minister's half-brother, Sir Austen Chamberlain.

Bitter critics have charged them with exerting more than "teacup" pressure on Chamberlain in his "realistic" swing toward settling accounts with Germany and Italy as insurance against war.

Lady Astor, born Nancy Langhorne, turns on her charm both in Parliament and at Cliveden, her country home at Taplow, Buckinghamshire. Her estate is a familiar haunt for financiers, newspaper owners, aristocrats and politicians, among them Chamberlain. Her husband owns the Observer, a Sunday newspaper friendly toward Germany, the birthplace of his forebear, John Jacob Astor, founder of the Astor fortune, who emigrated to the United States. Lady Astor's temperance views and her sharp tongue are famous, but political forums at Cliveden are equally so.

Critics of the Prime Minister charged that Lady Ivy Chamberlain used her sunny disposition on Premier Mussolini and Italian Foreign Minister Count Galeazzo Ciano, both of whom are firm friends of hers.

One of the critics, Laborite Alfred Barnes, even asserted she had used her influence on Mussolini to pave the way for the British-Italian talks.

Said Lady Chamberlain in Rome: "I come to Italy every year and always see Il Duce, but there is nothing in it."

Widow of the former Foreign Secretary, she is well known in Government society, both in London and in Rome. She spends much time in Italy, and has received the Italian gold medal of merit.

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FRONT SENATE ADOPTS PART OF LABOR CODE BILL

Chautemps Stakes Life of His Cabinet on Parliamentary Test and Wins, 178 to 68.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, March 1.—The Senate voted confidence in the government of Premier Camille Chautemps today to revive their organization to meet what they regarded as a Nazi menace to Austria's independence.

The Premier staked the life of his Cabinet on the test, a critical point in consideration of his proposed labor laws. The senators decided to take responsibility for overthrowing the Government on this question.

Chautemps struggled to gain passage of the code immediately to replace old arbitration law contracts which expired at midnight. Parliament's calendar still read Feb. 28 so passage in this session technically would mean there had been no gap between old and new contracts.

Before the vote Chautemps and the Senate had compromised on disputed sections of the code. The Premier agreed to recommend that the Chamber of Deputies withdraw a provision to extend collective contracts to farmers. The Senate consented to consider a separate measure Thursday extending benefits of the code to agricultural workers.

The Senate Commerce Committee agreed to a compromise to break the deadlock. It accepted the Chamber of Deputies' provision for a readjustment of wages to meet living costs when the official index of price levels indicates a 5 per cent increase.

The Senate committee stipulated, however, that the proposed code provide for pay revision only semi-annually instead of quarterly, as approved in the Chamber.

This testimony, introduced as a foundation for additional pivotal prosecution testimony today, was given in the main by Mrs. Violette Doss, an indicated Republican judge, who pleaded "no contest" at the outset of the trial yesterday and threw herself on the mercy of the Court.

Mrs. Doss disclosed that she was a Democrat, who had "worked" for Mrs. Ryan since 1922 and at the last national election, on Nov. 3, 1936, served her again at her best by acting as a Republican election official.

Got Republican Commission.

This peculiar arrangement, she explained, was brought about by Mrs. Ryan, who telephoned her on the eve of the election and subsequently sent her to Mrs. O'Byrne with instructions to obtain credentials from her as a Republican judge. Mrs. Doss said she missed the Republican boat at the ward Republican club, but that Mrs. Ryan directed her to a beauty parlor, where she found Mrs. O'Byrne and procured her commission.

At the polls, she said, she certified the tally before the polls closed, but saw no votes counted. She observed that "everybody else was signing, so I signed, too."

As she testified someone in the crowded court room created a disturbance and United States District Judge Merrill Otis directed that the spectator be brought before him.

"I'll send him to jail, where he deserves to be—this is no show," the Judge observed, but bailiffs could not identify the disturber.

As Mrs. Doss testified, Mrs. Ryan, a large woman of commanding mein, wearing a flowered dress and small, round hat, sat at the defense counsel table, chubby and akimbo, ahead of the other eight defendants.

Mrs. Doss said that Mrs. Ryan had observed that Ernest Williams, the Democratic precinct captain and a defendant, would be at the polls. He greeted her there, she said, and aided in unfolding and sacking uncounted ballots. The tally sheets were brought to her to sign, she testified, by a defendant, Sam Brenner, a Democratic judge.

Was Told to Keep Silent.

When the Federal investigation into the vote frauds began, she said, Williams warned her, in effect, to keep mum and to forget about the votes not being counted. She said he told her that he "got the figures upstairs." This part of her testimony referred to a Government allegation that Williams, an employee of the Federal Reserve Bank here, who related what occurred when he requested that his ballot be numbered and initialed when he cast it at the Fifteenth precinct of the Twelfth Ward. He quoted Brenner as replying: "We are not doing that today." Williams, the precinct boss, he said, observed: "You have voted your ballot; that's all you have to do—we'll do the rest." Brenner then finished the conversation, he testified, by saying: "Now get out."

Mrs. O'Byrne, the Republican committee woman, pleaded guilty at the outset of the trial. Besides Mrs. Doss, Miss Louise Davis, a Republican judge, pleaded no contest and will testify for the Government.

This case, involving as it does one of the city's 15 ward leaders, has attracted unusual interest. An exceptionally large staff of defense attorneys, some of them representing individual defendants, has entered numerous objections.

Honored for Air Safety Device.

By the Associated Press.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 1.—John G. Franklin, Kansas City radio engineer, was notified last night that his development of the metal shielded loop antenna had won him the National Air Board's annual award for the outstanding air safety device of 1937.

On cross-examination, Mrs. Doss rather vaguely denied doing "anything improper," but when it was sought to make her admit she was a Republican she disclosed that the Pendergast vote was for the Hoover against the Smiths. The two split Democratic

ANTI-NAZI GROUP IN AUSTRIA PLANS POLITICAL ACTION

As First Step, Leaders of Disbanded Heimwehr at Graz Decide to Revive Their Organization.

By the Associated Press.

GRAZ, Austria, March 1.—Veterans of Austria's disbanded Fascist army, the Heimwehr, decided today to revive their organization to meet what they regarded as a Nazi menace to Austria's independence.

The Heimwehr, which was disbanded in 1934, was a Nazi organization.

Heimwehr black shirt leaders

met in a conference here at the Austrian army and police stood by for instant action after balking plans of Nazi brown shirts for a march on Vienna.

It was disclosed that the Heimwehr did not plan immediate re-

activation of military features of its organization, which once was the private army of Prince Ernst Rüdiger von Starhemberg.

The black shirts said they would confine themselves

to present to "energetic political action."

Starhemberg, who still is honey-mooning abroad with his bride, the former Vienna actress, Nora Gregor, apparently played no part in the Heimwehr action.

But in Vienna, Maj. Emil Fey, former Vienna Heimwehr chief, said Chancellor Schuschnigg had been informed of the Heimwehr plan.

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She quoted Mrs. Ryan as saying,

"Well, you've gotten me in trouble," when told that Mrs. Doss had told agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation "the truth" and an

attempting to make her admit she was a Republican and a Democrat.

On cross-examination, Mrs. Doss rather vaguely denied doing "anything improper," but when it was sought to make her admit she was a Republican she disclosed that the Pendergast vote was for the Hoover against the Smiths. The two split Democratic

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Poet D'Annunzio Dead

Continued From Page One.

God for ingenuity and creative fantasy," said the Pope. "It is rare that he has not left his work some brutal traces of impurity and immorality, preaching the doctrine of the superman who leaves morality to insignificant common folk; because supermen create a morality of their own which corresponds to their superhuman powers."

In September, 1927, an audience of 500 men and women selected by d'Annunzio each paid 1000 lire to attend a private performance of his new play "Daughter of Ionia." It was given by a company of the foremost actors and actresses of Italy in the open air theater on the grounds of d'Annunzio's villa.

Seizure of Flume.

d'Annunzio emerged from the World War as one of the most colorful figures of that conflict. His seizure of Flume as a protest against its disposition by the Conference of Versailles was one of the exploits of his picturesque career which brought him fame as a poet, novelist, dramatist, soldier and patriot. He also attracted worldwide notice because of the many romances in which he was involved.

When the war began d'Annunzio became deeply impressed with the necessity of Italy's participating in it to realize her sovereignty in the Adriatic. When Italy failed to obtain Flume in the peace conference he looked upon his country's part in the war as a failure.

At the time d'Annunzio was commander of an Italian air squadron at Venice and the peace conference action impelled him to fiery eloquence and denunciation of his own Government. Public disapproval of the Government's failure to obtain Flume eventually caused the fall of the ministry headed by Premier Orlando.

A new Cabinet headed by Premier Nitti was formed and in newspaper articles and speeches, d'Annunzio warned the new government that it must not return from the peace conference without Flume and Dalmatia. This, he declared, was the dictum of the Italian people.

In his speeches he aroused the people to demonstrations against the Government by referring to the ministry as "infamous vultures, who want to bury all heroism," and declaring that Italy's rights were being sold by the peace conference for gold. He was criticised in the Italian Chamber of Deputies on the ground that he had attacked President Wilson in one of his speeches.

Held Out for 15 Months.

The world was informed on Sept. 12, 1919, that d'Annunzio had arrived at Flume at the head of a force of Italian soldiers said to number between 8000 and 12,000. The men, equipped with machine guns and armored automobiles, occupied the city in violation of Government orders. British and French troops moved out of the city at the request of d'Annunzio.

Detachments of soldiers under Gen. Roblant were sent to disarm d'Annunzio and his men, but Gen. Roblant's troops refused to obey orders. Premier Nitti denounced the action of the poet as a "misguided deed," declared the soldiers to be mutineers and sent Gen. Bagdolino to Flume to induce the Italian soldiers to return to their regiments.

For a time the orders of the Government went unheeded and d'Annunzio retained his command by his appeals to the patriotism of the men. There were some skirmishes in which a few of d'Annunzio's men were killed and many wounded, but he held out and for 15 months defied not only the Italian Government, but indeed the whole of Europe.

Finally, in December, 1920, d'An-

Italian Soldier Poet Dead



Associated Press Photo.

nunzio declared a truce with the Italian forces, consented to give up his dictatorship and surrendered all his powers to the Flume Council. The Italian commander granted amnesty to the men who had fought to retain the seaport. A few days after the first of the new year d'Annunzio left Flume and went to live at Gardone on the Lake of Garda.

Up to the outbreak of the World War, d'Annunzio for some years had been living in France, having had to leave Italy because of financial difficulties. In 1915 he returned to his native land. His speeches were credited with having contributed to influencing Italy's intervention in the war.

With Italy's entry into the war d'Annunzio's career became one of the outstanding romances of modern times," says one reviewer of his life. "The man, hitherto regarded as a sensuous esthetic and a decadent, whose only claim to distinction was his exquisite sense of beauty and his mastery of the language, was now to prove a man of action, a soldier of almost incredible bravery, and a politician who, however his conduct may be regarded, for many months monopolized the attention of the world and defied powerful governments."

"Italy is not worth fighting for," said d'Annunzio in a final manifesto. "It is not worth while to throw my life away in the service of a people who could not be distracted even for a moment from their greediness while we were assassinated by their government."

d'Annunzio became depressed after leaving Flume and twice, it was reported, he had been saved from taking his own life. In spring of 1921 he received offers from several constituencies to elect him to the Chamber of Deputies, but he declined.

Early in 1924 there was consummated by agreement between Italy and Yugoslavia that for which d'Annunzio had been willing to lay down his life—Flume became Italian territory and was annexed to that country. The formality of annexation was accomplished in March of that year, and upon that occasion King Victor Emmanuel conferred upon d'Annunzio the title of Prince of Monte Nevoso.

The proposal to thus honor the poet was made by Premier Mussolini who had since become head of the Fascist Government. The King, granting the request, wrote a personal letter to d'Annunzio in which he said:

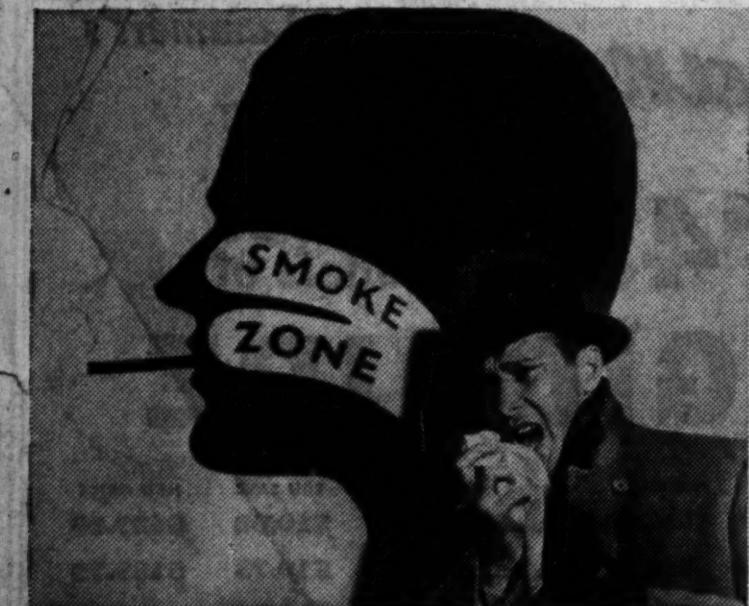
"The annexation of Flume cannot but associate itself with the thought of the soldier-poet, who, with word and action, has bound his name to the glory of the country. I am so glad to participate in it that on the proposal of the president of the council of ministers I have conferred on you the title of Prince of Monte Nevoso."

d'Annunzio had married the Princess di Galles, by whom he had one son, Hugo d'Annunzio.

The marital affairs of d'Annunzio first attracted attention in 1905, when it was reported that he vainly attempted to obtain a divorce from his wife, the Princess di Galles, in Switzerland. After that his name was involved in several romances, dating from the time he was obliged to leave Italy on account of his debts. When reproached for his apparent scorn for conventions he is said to have replied: "I am d'Annunzio."

Affairs, With Great Duse. He was aided in the production of several of his plays by the tragedienne Eleonora Duse, whose romance with the poet often has been characterized as one of the most tragic of modern times.

The romance had its inception when she took an interest in his dramatic works. Their villa adjoined each other and the bonds of friendship between them became so strong that the author declared at one time he would write dramas for no other actress than Duse. Duse, in turn, avowed that she would appear only in d'Annunzio's plays.

COLD IN THE HEAD?
Smoke Spuds For A Week!

When you have a cold...when your head stops up...and you long for the comfort of a smoke—Smoke Spuds!

The common irritants present in ordinary smoke have been removed, and a special soothing element has been put in!

Spud sooths your congested nose and throat passages, helps clear your head and restores the pleasure of smoking.

Smoke Spuds for a week—and you'll smoke them forever!



Copyright, 1936, American Tobacco Co.

TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1938

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

UNION HEAD ON STAND
IN EXORTION TRIAL

McGee Testifies Money He Got
From Cleaning Firms Was
Turned Over to Union.

By the Associated Press.
CLEVELAND, March 1.—John E. McGee, union leader accused of extortion, on the witness stand yesterday pictured himself as a public benefactor who saved taxpayers thousands of dollars.

He and Donald A. Campbell, head of the Painters' District Council, are being tried on charges of extorting \$1200 from Vernon Stouffer, Cleveland restaurant owner, on threat to tie up work.

McGee testified he went to the Cleveland School Board shortly after the Civil Works Administration was started and "sold the board the idea they should employ supervisors at 37½ cents an hour to direct wall washers in 86 public schools."

McGee, head of the Laborers' District Council, said "the regular rate was 30 cents less" and explained that "as a taxpayer I didn't want to see all the paint washed off the walls (through lack of expert direction) and then have to have them repainted at great expense to the city."

McGee said he received \$800-\$900

of three window cleaning companies which split the school board business.

These were cash gifts," McGee explained. "I never expected them." He said the money was turned in to the union for organizing use and to buy two automobiles, "one for me and one for the business agent."

U. S. AGENTS AGAIN QUESTION
THREE ARRESTED AS SPIES

Woman and Two Men Are Taken
to Federal Building in
New York.

By the Associated Press.
NEW YORK, March 1.—United States agents took the three persons accused in the current espionage investigation to the Federal Building today, presumably for further questioning concerning the sale of military secrets for which they are held in default of \$25,000 bail.

Johanna Hofman, hairdresser on the liner Europa, among whose effects Reed Vetterli, local Justice Department chief, last week said his agents had found the key to a secret code, was escorted into an elevator by Leon Tarrou, agent who

signed the complaint against all three.

Tarrou gave newspapermen no opportunity to question her nor would he even admit her identity. Bound with her for the department's sixth floor offices were Guenther Gustave Rumrich, deserting army sergeant, and Erich Glaser, army private, named as the other principals in the alleged sale of confidential information to a foreign Power.

CHINESE ON JAPANESE LOSSES

Say Four Months of War Cost 375
Planes, 20 Vessels.

By the Associated Press.
HANKOW, March 1.—Chinese military headquarters announced yesterday that the first four and a half months of the war had cost Japan 375 airplanes and 20 vessels, including warships and troop ships.

The military spokesman said the figures for the Aug. 13 to Dec. 31 period were based on information obtained in Japan by the Chinese intelligence service.

The Chinese statement of Japanese air losses was more than three and a half times greater than the latest official Japanese announcement, which put the number at less than 100.

Time to Seed & Fertilize Lawns

To insure the best results, use Westover "Perfect Lawn" Grass Seed, Worm-Pulverized Cattle Manure and Westover Lawn Grower.

Prices Quoted Upon Request

WESTOVER NURSERY CO.
8100 OLIVE ST. ROAD
WYdown 0202

Small Bills in Treasury Bills.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, March 1.—The weekly sale of \$50,000,000 worth of 91-day Treasury bills brought an average price of 99.97% yesterday, compared with 99.97% last week.

The sale was equivalent to borrowing money at .086 per cent, compared with .092 last week. The average price on 100-day bills was 99.98%, equivalent to .085 per cent.

The 100-day bills are the first of a new series which will run four six weeks, depending on March tax collections.

MEM and WOMEN
PROLONG YOUR LIFE!
by refining or building up your body
with Physical Culture Treatment
Steam baths and massage in our house
make it exclusive.
Mr. & Mrs. Bob Douglas 6442 Nashville
Hilland 6711

• Eyes Examined
• Lenses Prescribed
Dr. D. W. Lierley
REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST
50c
A WEEK
ROGERS
302 N. SIXTH ST.
SEAN ROGERS

LEMONS
HAVE AN
ALKALINE
FACTOR
(IMPORTANT TO COLD RESISTANCE)
So have
LUDEN'S
Menthol Cough Drops 5
From a MEDICAL JOURNAL
"The researches (of these doctors) led them to believe that colds result from an acid condition. To overcome this, they prescribe various alkalines."
LUDEN'S—A Test Will Tell

UNION-MAY-STERN

OPEN NIGHTS TILL 9

Sale!
OF SAMPLE
CHAIRS

Here's your chance... and a very unusual one, too! ... to get one or more fine Occasional Chairs to dress up your home... at a remarkably low price! Chairs that have actually been selling for as much as \$14.95 — some one or a few of a kind... at one sensationaly low price ... \$5. All are of excellent construction! Some have spring-filled seats! A grand assortment of styles in a marvelous array of upholstery fabrics... rayon damasks, Cromwell velvets, plain and figured tapestries, "Muleskin" and novelty fabrics. Get here early for choicest selection! Sale starts promptly at 9 A. M. tomorrow!

\$5

Values to \$14⁹⁵

25c CASH
25c A WEEK*
(Plus Small Carrying Charge)

SALE STARTS PROMPTLY
AT 9 A. M. TOMORROW!

UNION-MAY-STERN
OLIVE AT TWELFTH

206 N. 12th St.
614-20 Franklin Ave.

The 106-day bills are the first of a new series which will run four six weeks, depending on March tax collections.

The birth of an ordinary week, now coming. The cent.

Men and WOMEN PROLONG YOUR LIFE! by reducing or building up your body with Physical Culture Treatment. Shampoo and massage to our best make it exclusive. Mr. & Mrs. Bob Douglas 5442 Natchez Hilland 6711

Eyes Examined
Lenses Prescribed
Dr. D. W. Lierley
REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST

ROGERS
A WEEK
302 N. SIXTH ST.
ONE DOOR DOWN FROM THE

So have
LUDEN'S

Menthol Cough Drops 5c

From a MEDICAL JOURNAL
"The researches of these doctors led them to believe that colds result from an acid condition. To overcome this, they prescribe various alkalies."

LUDEN'S—A Test Will Tell

Y-STERN

OPEN NIGHTS TILL 9



5

to \$14.95

CASH
A WEEK*

(all Carrying Charge)

ARTS PROMPTLY
TOMORROW!

206 N. 12th St.
14-20 Franklin Ave.



SUITS for an Active Spring

Are the casual, untrimmed types
... soft in detail... rich in color...
easy on the budget!

2-Piece Dressmaker Suit

In Mezzotones of
Russet Tile with
Desert Sand Collar
and Jacket with
Golf Iron pockets
and twisted
bone buttons.
\$29.95

3-Piece Cape Suit

In Mezzotones of
Roseberry and Cyclamen Pink. Cape
made with shoulder
pleat... jacket features new quilted
design. \$39.95

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WOMAN SAVED BY INHALATOR
WHEN HEART STOPS BEATING

Firemen Finally Revive Mrs. Lovis Henkler of St. Clair, Mo., Whose Pulse Failed After Operation. A Fire Department inhalator was created by physicians today with saving the life of Mrs. Lovis Henkler of St. Clair, Mo., whose heart stopped beating at the conclusion of an abdominal operation in Missouri Baptist Hospital yesterday morning.

Adrenalin was administered and the inhalator squad summoned at noon from the nearby fire engine station at Enright and Bayard avenues. Intermittently for 4½ hours the inhalator was used until the patient's heart and lungs were functioning normally. Police helped firemen operate the pump.

Mrs. Henkler, 56 years old, was in serious condition at the hospital today.

STIX, BAER & FULLER
(GRAND-LEADER)
NATIONAL
BOOK
AWARDS

As selected by the Booksellers of America, announced today by Clifton Fadiman, (Reviewer for "The New Yorker" Magazine.)

FAVORITE NOVEL:

The Citadel by Dr. A. J. Cronin, Regularly \$2.50, now - - - \$1.98

THE BOOKSELLER'S FIND:

On Borrowed Time by Lawrence Watkins, Reg. \$2.50 - - now \$1.92

FAVORITE NON-FICTION:

Madame Curie by Eve Curie - - - \$3.50

MOST ORIGINAL BOOK:

400 Million Customers by Carl Crow - - \$3

Popular Contenders for
Top Honors Included:
'Northwest Passage,' \$1.98

The Importance of Living, \$3

The Education of Hyman Kaplan, - - - \$2
(Book Shop—Street Floor.)

MAVRAKOS CANDIES

It's a
LAW
of
NATURE

It is only natural that growing things should vary in size—in quality—and in goodness. Take nuts for example—pecans, cashews, brazils, almonds, and filberts. Surely you've seen them vary from scrawny tasteless ones to huge, luscious ones.

But only the largest, choicest, finest nuts are used for Mavrakos Salted Nuts. They're selected for taste and quality—then toasted to a turn and daintily salted. No wonder Mavrakos Salted Nuts are so superlatively good!

Pound box, assorted brazils, filberts, pecans, cashews, and almonds, 79¢

AT THE 6 SWEETEST SPOTS IN TOWN
Open Evenings and Sundays

Mavrakos
CANDIES

SABOTAGE ATTEMPT
ON BRITISH PLANES

Gasoline Tanks Drilled Into
Laborite Asks About It
in Commons.

By the Associated Press

LONDON, March 1.—Members of Parliament, in a series of questions today demanded to know how the Government intended to protect rearment secrets, following the discovery of a sabotage attempt on two of the new British bombing planes.

The questions, put down for the earliest possible answer—probably tomorrow—covered a long period of isolated incidents of sabotage.

Three questions sought information about the lost mystery bomber, which vanished on a trial flight around the British Isles last week.

Another question dealt with the disappearance of aircraft planes from Parnall Aircraft, Ltd., last fall. Labor Member W. A. Burke filed notice of the question, to be put tomorrow to Air Secretary A. J. Muirhead for a statement on the latest sabotage of planes.

Holes in Gasoline Tanks

Two Royal Air Force bombers, at Ringway Aerodrome near Manchester, had been wheeled out of the Fairway Aviation Co.'s assembly shops for test flights when it was discovered that holes had been drilled in the gasoline tanks.

An Air Ministry announcement said "there is reason to believe the damage was malicious and the matter is under investigation by police."

Investigators questioned most of the aviation company's employees and farmers living nearby were asked whether they had seen any mysterious strangers in the vicinity of the airport.

There have been rumors of spies or sabotage also in the disappearance of the bomber, developed secretly for a long distance record flight attempt. Royal Air Force squadrons searched the flight route for trace of the ship without success.

Extended Investigation.

The search for an espionage-sabotage ring has been under way for some time. Government officials recently investigated damage to planes in other construction plants, but there was no announcement as to what was found.

That police and Air Ministry officials take a serious view of current spy activity was evidenced by the sensational disclosures by "Miss X" last month.

Testifying at a hearing for four former naval workers charged with violating the official secrets act, "Miss X" told of spending three years watching the activities of the men before springing the trap that resulted in their arrest.

They are awaiting trial, accused of photographing secret army, navy and airforce weapons for delivery to an unnamed foreign power.

To extend its counter-espionage work, the Government has asked for \$500,000 new funds for its secret service budget which, with the increase, would total \$2,250,000.

OWNER OF 'GRECIAN GARDENS'
SUED TWICE BY HIS WIFE

Mrs. Jim Mertikas Seeks Divorce and Receiver for Restaurant, Claiming Half Interest.

Suits for divorce and for partnership dissolution against Jim Mertikas, proprietor of a restaurant at 205 South Sixth street, known as "Grecian Gardens," were filed in Circuit Court today by Mrs. Mabel Mertikas.

The divorce petition, alleging general indignities, asserts they were married June 4, 1931, in Colinsville and separated last Jan. 25. Mrs. Mertikas asserts in the bill that she encouraged her to entertain restaurant patrons at their tables, then became "extremely jealous" of her. She asks for \$300 a month alimony.

The other suit, which asks also for an accounting and appointment of a receiver, asserts she and her husband entered a partnership at the time of the marriage, and that she was to have one-half ownership.

She gave all her time to the business with the result that profits rose to \$2000 a month, she alleged. Circuit Judge Eugene J. Sartorius issued a decree of no cause and set a hearing for Friday.

Mertikas said to a Post-Dispatch reporter that his wife had no legal partnership in the business and denied profits of \$2000 a month.

FALL OF BOULDERS DELAYS
MO. PAC. TRAIN THREE HOURS

State Severs Wires and Automatically Sets Danger Signal at St. Alburt, Mo.

A westbound Missouri Pacific passenger train from St. Louis to Kansas City was delayed for three hours Sunday near St. Alburt when the track was blocked by six large boulders which had fallen down from the overhanging bluffs on the right-of-way along the Missouri River.

The falling boulders had severed signal wires and automatically set the track signals at danger. The track was finally cleared with the aid of a section gang which was sent from Champaign, Illinois, westbound train which arrived at the scene a little later, was forced to wait until the westbound train had departed in order to use the westbound track.

Missouri Pacific maintenance men said the limestone boulders had been loosened either by rain or thaw. St. Alburt is 101 miles west of St. Louis.

ACCUSED GRAIN MEN BAR
BOARD OF TRADE HEARINGRefuse to Appear Before Chicago
Exchange Pending Action by
Federal Commission.

CHICAGO, March 1.—Two officers of the Cargill Grain Co. of Illinois refused today to participate in a hearing by the Chicago Board of Trade on charges of violation of rules growing out of the September, 1937, corn deal. In a notice to Kenneth S. Templeton, president of the exchange, the officials said they could not appear prior to the Commodity Exchange Commission.

Commission investigation of charges filed by them against the Board of Trade.

The statement of John H. MacMillan Jr., president of Cargill, and E. J. Grimes was posted at the Board of Trade only a few hours before the hearing was scheduled to begin. The Cargill Grain Co. is a subsidiary of Cargill, Inc., Minneapolis grain firm.

"Our charges against you and your board of directors in connection with the September, 1937, corn controversy—the same controversy which your board of directors now proposes to judge—are now pending before the Commodity Exchange Commission," the statement

said. "This alone, without reference to past experience, should make it apparent that your board is disqualified to conduct its proposed hearings at this time."

MAN THROWN FROM CAR, SHOT

By the Associated Press

LOS ANGELES, March 1.—Philip Gaupalo, 38 years old, was shot and seriously wounded last night by three men he said told him he "knew too much about the Les Bruneman murder."

Bruneman, a gambler, was killed

by gunmen in a cafe here several months ago. Gaupalo said he knew nothing of the case. He told police the men abducted him from in front of the Bartenders' Union offices, later throwing him from their car and firing five bullets into his body.

Heads Cherokee Business Men, Steve Kirwanek, grocery proprietor, was re-elected president of the Cherokee Business Association at a meeting last night. Other officers include Charles Buescher and F. W. Kerlick, vice-presidents; Oliver Kratz, treasurer, and Milton Schroeder, secretary.

GRIME DOESN'T PAY

CARBONITE

The SMOKELESS FUEL

Call Your Dealer or

SEIDEL COAL & COKE CO.

Franklin 6800

Duncan and Vandeventer

By the Associated Press

BILOXI, Miss., March 1.

Guardians arranged today to the body of Lieut. H. A. T. Bernson, who was fatally hurt in a vain attempt to save a drowning sailor, to Arlington.

Bernson, 31-year-old executive of the coast guard patrol boat Triton, died in a hospital yesterday of shock and loss of blood from a badly mangled leg.

He was injured when he tried to save Seaman J. M. Moore from drowning, which snapped when Triton was towing the S. S. Triton off South Pass, where it ran aground.

Moore's back was broken as another seaman, Rolf Thorson, suffered a thigh fracture.

A native of Marblehead, Bernson was transferred to port, Miss., two months ago and assigned to the Triton.

COAST GUARD OFFICER KILLED TRYING TO SAVE SHIP

Lieut. H. A. T. Bernson, 31, was killed at Arlington.

By the Associated Press

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ASH WEDNESDAY NOON SERVICE

To Holy Communion Christ Church Cathedral tomorrow.

A noonday Ash Wednesday service will be held at Christ Church Cathedral tomorrow, following communion at 7:30 and 10 a.m.

Noonday services will be Thursday, with the Rev. H. A. H. preaching, and Friday the Rev. Karl M. Block will

ST. LOUIS GREATEST CREDIT JEWELERS

ARONBERG

6 & St. Charles

15 DIAMONDS

ENGAGEMENT RING



14K SOLID GOLD \$29
A wonderful ring beautifully designed.

50¢ Down • 50¢ Week

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Don't Neglect
Your Child's Cold

Don't let chest colds or croupy coughs go untreated. Rub Children's Mustole on child's throat and chest at once. This milder form of respiration penetrates, warms and stimulates local circulation. The bronchial tubes with its soothsuring vapors. Mustole brings relief naturally because it's a "cough suppressor"—not just a salve. Recommended by many doctors and nurseries. Three strengths: Regular, Child (mild), and Extra Strong.

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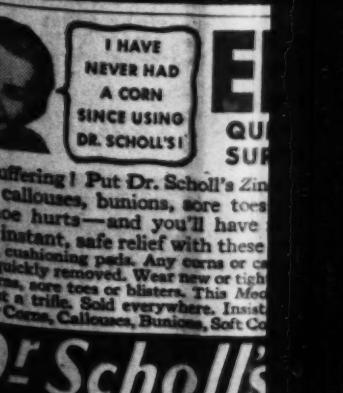
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PAINS AND

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Let Johnson's Red Cross Plastic help you as it has helped millions. Its warming, soothing medication, massage and support help to relieve congestion. No fuss or muss. Easy to apply and remove. Look for the name Johnson's and the Red Cross on every plaster you buy. Accept no substitutes. Made by Johnson's, the world's largest maker of surgical dressings. For sale at all drug stores.



Dr. Scholl's

Snow White AND THE Seven Dwarfs
Glasses and Beautiful Story Book

This week it is the laughable Dopey who gaily adorns the nine-ounce Safedge glass in which Pevely Creamed Cottage Cheese comes to you at its regular price of 15 cents. Then follow in order Sneezy, Bashful, Sleepy, Doc, Happy, Grumpy and finally the lovable Snow White herself. On the back of each glass is a sprightly jingle.

Here is your opportunity to get a complete set of these attractive, useful glasses together

with a beautiful story book of Walt Disney's famous movie *absolutely free*. And at the same time you will be enjoying another Pevely Product—tasty, wholesome and rich in food value—made fresh every day from Pevely Cottage Cheese and Pevely's delicious cream. Use the reservation blank below, order from your Pevelyman or phone GRand 4400. Order the complete set and booklet today.

RESERVATION BLANK

Fill out this order blank and place it in your empty Pevely Milk bottle. If not a Pevely customer, mail the blank to the Pevely Dairy Company, Grand and Chouteau.

Remember, you must order the complete set of eight glasses to be delivered during the next eight weeks to get this beautiful story book.

I want all eight of the Snow White and Seven Dwarfs glasses as checked below. Deliver them to me on the day of the week given below:

(Place check mark for each glass)

Dopey Offered during week of Feb. 27 Sneezy Offered during week of March 6 Bashful Offered during week of March 20

Doc Offered during week of March 27 Happy Offered during week of April 3 Grumpy Offered during week of April 10

Snow White Offered during week of April 17

Your Name _____

Your Address _____

What day of the week do you want delivery?



Hoover Goes to Vienna.
By the Associated Press.
GENEVA, March 1.—Former President Herbert Hoover left here today for Vienna.

Real
CLEANERS INC.
3 PLAIN GARMENTS \$1
Cleans & Pressed—Except Velvet or Velour
DRAPEs, pair, 39c
FREE CALL AND DELIVERY.
Main Office N. West St. Louis, Ill. 6200

MT. AUBURN MARKET
6128 Easton Ave.—Wellston—Prices for Wednesday
STEAK 15c
Tenderloin, Sirloin, Lb.
CHUCK Senior Cut 13c
Eggs Doz. 17c
NECK BONES Lb. 6c
HOG HEARTS Lb. 7c
SHRIMP: Can 15c

DON'T SUFFER DISCOMFORT



GLASSES ON CREDIT

BE GOOD TO YOUR EYES

NEW LOW PAY ONLY 50c A WEEK CALL FOR EYE TEST

NO REASON FOR NEGLECTING YOUR EYES — THE ONLY EYES YOU WILL EVER HAVE

2 DOCTORS

DR. H. SCHEAR DR. V. H. WEHNUELLER
Optometrists—Opticians

OUR 40th YEAR
Friends 314 NORTH 6th STREET

Wednesday! Every Woman in St. Louis who wears Sizes 14 to 20 and 38 to 60 will be here for this SALE of Brilliant, Sparkling, New Washable Rayon

PRINTED DRESSES

SO NEW—THAT MONTHS FROM NOW YOU'LL SEE THEM FEATURED AT TWICE THE PRICE!

\$2.99

- BOLEROS! PLEATS!
- SWING STYLES!
- ZIPPER FASHIONS!
- SHIRRING! SASHES!
- TIE BACKS! OTHERS!

Crown tested and approved for durability, color fastness and general wearing qualities!

A tremendous sale of WASHABLE Dresses! Sparkling... vivid... flattering! Clear "rain-drenched" colors! Youthful, perfect-fitting styles that LOOK expensive... FEEL inexpensive! All DEFINITELY NEW with a triumphant fashion future! Other styles not pictured in sizes 38 to 60.

ZIPPER-ETTE!

NAVY,

BROWN,

BLACK,

SIZES

38-48.

BUTTONS.
UP! NAVY,
BROWN,
BLACK,
SIZES
38-48.

FLAT-TERE! NAVY,
BROWN,
BLACK,
SIZES
38-48.

MAIL and PHONE
Orders will be filled promptly

CHes. 6769

Lane Bryant Basement

SIXTH and LOCUST

Sub-Committee to Draft New Wage-Hour Bill

Mrs. Norton, House Labor Chairman, Names Ramspeck and Six Others to Tackle the Job.

BYRD DENOUNCES REORGANIZATION

Virginia Democrat Assails Proposal as Unecomical, Declares U. S. Should Balance Budget.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Chairman Norton (Dem.), New Jersey, of the House Labor Committee appointed a seven-man subcommittee today to draft a new wage-hour bill.

Representative Ramspeck (Dem.), Georgia, chairman of the subcommittee, said his group would meet tomorrow "without any preconceived 'ideas'" to "see whether we can work out a bill that will be satisfactory."

A previous wage-hour bill was sent back to the Labor Committee at the special session of Congress last year.

Appointment of the subcommittee called back into the forefront another item of President Roosevelt's program. Reorganization of the executive branch of Government, one phase, is before the Senate. Tax revision is ready for House consideration. The farm and housing programs have been passed and signed.

Members of Sub-Committee.

Those who will serve with Ramspeck on the wage-hour subcommittee are Representatives Randolph (Dem.), Virginia; Gildea (Dem.), Pennsylvania; Thomas (Dem.), Texas; Welch (Rep.), California; Smith (Rep.), Maine, and Schneider (Prog.), Wisconsin. Mrs. Norton said she would attend the subcommittee's discussions as an ex-officio member.

"There will not be public hearings because we can't undertake them at this time," Ramspeck said. "We are going to confer informally with any members of Congress who want to talk to us." He said the committee hoped to be ready to report to the full committee within two weeks. "Our subcommittee will not be committed to anything except to try to solve this problem," he added.

Byrd Attacks Bill.

Senator Byrd (Dem.), Virginia, charged in the Senate today that passage of the Government reorganization bill in its present form would "increase the cost of government many millions of dollars."

Pounding his desk, Byrd shouted that it was "an astounding thing to me to hear the President say that only \$50,000,000 could be saved by this plan of Government reorganization."

He opened the opposition attack

Accuser and Husband

MRS. LENA McCARTHY.



ALEXIUS W. McCARTHY JR.

by declaring that "utmost economy" should be the object of any reorganization bill.

Proponents, admitting that little if any money would be saved, have stressed the claim that reorganization would increase Government efficiency.

Byrd charged that various agency heads, under terms of the bill, would be permitted to appoint an "unlimited" number of experts and assistants, which would increase the number of Government employees.

He also predicted that the new Department of Welfare to be created by the bill would expand rapidly.

"Balance the Budget."

"The greatest problem that confronts our people today," Byrd said, "is to balance the budget. Some people, even Senators, ridicule that. They say that the budget may never have to be balanced again."

"But I say that it is the most vital problem today. We are no closer to a balanced budget than we have been at any time since the depression began."

He read figures showing the Treasury deficit for the current year at \$1,045,000,000. On Feb. 26 and predicted it would mount to \$1,750,000,000 by June 30, when the fiscal year ends.

"The outlook for 1939 is even worse," he declared. "We are spending as much as we have in any previous year, except for payment of the soldiers' bonus. I predict that in the next fiscal year, the deficit will be close to \$2,000,000."

Byrd charged that most of the six months' time spent by a special committee, of which he was chairman, on previous reorganization plans had been taken up by consideration of a confidential memorandum from President Roosevelt.

Presidential Control.

"This confidential memorandum, if it had been followed out," he cried, "would have given the President control of the regulatory agencies of the Federal Government."

He listed among such agencies the Interstate Commerce Commission, Federal Trade Commission, National Labor Relations Board, Power Commission and Communications Commission.

The present bill, Byrd said, made it "impossible to 'unscramble' the emergency agencies from the regular departments and other offices of Government in its authority to the President to revamp the executive branch of the Federal setup."

It would necessary, Byrd declared, to obtain a two-thirds majority in Congress to override any portion of an executive order revamping departments because Congress would be forced to pass a "corrective" bill which the President could veto.

Byrnes Defends Bill.

Chairman Byrnes of a special reorganization committee began the fight in behalf of the measure yesterday by declaring it offered the only feasible solution to an old problem.

Asked by Senator Bailey (Dem.), North Carolina, whether the bill was designed to save money, Byrnes said it was. Bailey, however, declared there was no assurance that economies would result.

Senator Burke (Dem.), Nebraska, an opponent, said chances were excellent for eliminating a provision to replace the present three-member Civil Service Commission with a single administrator.

Burke added that "there is about a 50-50 chance" of knocking out a provision substituting an auditor-general for the present Comptroller-General. Senator Glass (Dem.), Virginia, said he would support Burke in that maneuver.

Chance for Third Amendment.

A third amendment—to prevent separation of the forest service from the Agriculture Department—"has a fair chance of adoption," Burke said.

Senator Wheeler (Dem.), Montana, and many other Senators who fought the Roosevelt court reorganization bill are expected to speak against provisions of the present legislation.

Byrnes recalled that numerous at-

First Wife Accuses Man as Bigamist

MRS. LENA McCARTHY.



Alexius W. McCarthy Jr. Arrested After Serving Year for Non-Support.

Alexius W. McCarthy Jr., St. Louis automobile salesman, was held today in St. Charles County Jail on a warrant charging bigamy issued on complaint of Mrs. Lena McCarthy, 1419 Chambers street.

He was arrested yesterday as he was released from the Workhouse where he had served a one-year term, less a deduction of 10 days for good behavior, for vagrancy and non-support of Mrs. McCarthy and their son, 5 years old. They also have a daughter 8 months old.

It is charged in the warrant that McCarthy, who is 26 years old, married Miss Viola Mueller, 2615 Rauschenbach avenue, at St. Charles on March 2, 1937. This was eight days before he began his sentence in the Workhouse on the charge of vagrancy and non-support brought by his first wife.

Mrs. Lena McCarthy, who is 22 years old, told to a Post-Dispatch reporter that she learned McCarthy was married for the second time when she saw his name in a newspaper list of licensees issued at St. Charles. They had been married in Belleville early in 1932 at a church ceremony, she said, but added that McCarthy had never supported her and that she had worked continuously since then. She is now employed at odd jobs at \$13 a week by a cold storage concern.

Mrs. McCarthy, who is 22 years old, told to a Post-Dispatch reporter that she learned McCarthy was married for the second time when she saw his name in a newspaper list of licensees issued at St. Charles. They had been married in Belleville early in 1932 at a church ceremony, she said, but added that McCarthy had never supported her and that she had worked continuously since then. She is now employed at odd jobs at \$13 a week by a cold storage concern.

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Alster penitentiary, where the license plates are made. Purchases of the bolts and nuts used to hold the tags on cars was approved in a contract May 19, 1937, with the late H. L. McCracken, then Tax Commissioner, the company contended.

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TITTLE GIANT
WITH 5 Tubes! AC/DC**

AMERICAN RECEPTION AND POLICE CALLS
ELECTRO DYNAMIC SPEAKER
FULL VISION DIAL — for easier
Tuning
BUILT-IN ANTENNA
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BEAUTIFUL WALNUT BAKELITE
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**SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITY INQUIRY
KILLED BY KANSAS SENATE**
Proposed investigation was aimed especially at reports of communism in State University. By the Associated Press

TOPEKA, Kan., March 1.—The Senate, on a voice vote, killed yesterday the Muir-Carper resolution proposing an investigation of "subversive activities" in Kansas, particularly reports of Communistic activities at the State University.

The investigation resolution was introduced by Representative Donald Muir (Dem.) and C. C. Carper (Rep.) who said it was due to letters found in the belongings of Don Henry, former University of Kansas student killed in Spain while fighting with Loyalist forces.

Muir and Carper said that while the proposed investigation was directed chiefly toward the university, it was intended to include all State schools and reports of activities of Communistic organizations among W. P. A. workers.

**THOUSANDS IN MARDI GRAS
FESTIVITIES IN NEW ORLEANS**

**SCHOOL GIRLS, MOTHERS, BUSINESS
MEN DRESSED AS KINGS, PAY
Homage to Carnival King.**

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—A population augmented by thousands of visitors paraded today in observance of Mardi Gras.

Young school girls dressed like women of the Paris slums, mothers in polka-dot pantaloons and hair-ribbons, business men as cavaliers and Negroes, in gaudy Indian gear—all paid homage to the lord of the day and king of all carnival kings—Rex.

This year the role of Rex with its high social prestige went to Charles McLelland, a business man.

Miss Malcolm McCullough Tullis, debutante daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Garner H. Tullis, is queen of the carnival. Her father was king of the Mardi Gras in 1935. He is a cotton broker.

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BAKE BETTER
CAKE, BISCUITS
AND ROLLS**

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AMERICAN
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***EAGLE STAMPS ON EVERY SACK**

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**Omega Oil
For Backache
Pains Soreness**

What you want is relief for aches, pains, soreness, stiffness in joints and muscles and speedy relief of aches and pains when you use powerful medicated Omega Oil—you get results.

So when backache keeps you in misery—when muscles are sore and lame—when you have a sprain or a strain—when feet are tired and aches—when you get a 25 cent bottle of penetrating Omega Oil—and rub it in good.

Every druggist in America sells Omega Oil—He knows that it's great for the relief of the pains of rheumatism, sciatica, neuritis, neuralgia and lumbago—he knows it's good."

**NEW YORK CENTRAL
Travel Bargain
TO
CLEVELAND
\$900 ROUND
TRIP**

NEXT SATURDAY NIGHT

**Leave 6:00 p. m. Returning
Leave Cleveland 6:10 p. m. or
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Coach service.**

**Full particulars at 320 North
Broadway, Main 4268, and
Union Station, Garfield 6600.**

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SYSTEM**

**The quick, easy way to get cap-
sule home or office help is through
the Post-Dispatch Help Wanted
columns.**

**HAMILTON-BROWN CO.
RECEIVERSHIP HEARING**

**Witness Says New Officers
Have Not Remedied Condi-
tions Leading to Suit.**

Testimony in the suit of Ralph B. Brundrett and other stockholders, asking for the appointment of a temporary receiver for the Hamilton-Brown Shoe Co., was resumed today before Circuit Judge William S. Connor. W. Finley McElroy Jr., a grandson of Alanson D. Brown, founder of the company, was the first witness for the plaintiffs.

By McElroy's testimony, Kenneth Teasdale, the plaintiffs' lawyer, tried to show that the election on Feb. 15 of a new slate of officers headed by Presley W. Edwards as president, had not removed the conditions which caused the suit. The suit previously asked for the removal of Luke E. Hart as president and Alanson C. Brown as director and general manager. The petition now charges that Edwards and his associates are not practical showmen, hence a receiver is still needed.

McElroy testified to conferences held by him, as representative of his mother's holdings of stock in the company, with Alanson C. Brown Jr. and others. He said he and Brown collected proxies from Mrs. McElroy and her three sisters, daughters of A. D. Brown. He said that he, McElroy, suggested election of Frank Jones, now president of the Busy Bee Candy Co., but formerly a shoe company officer, as head of Hamilton-Brown, but that Jones would not accept the place. A. C. Brown Jr., he said, suggested the name of Ernest Thompson, insurance man. "Edwards was the third choice," the witness said.

McElroy quoted Edwards as having said that the company needed a more aggressive management, and should get a young shoe man as its head. In general, he sought to show that Edwards, on the board of directors, had done little toward any change in policy.

Asked about the relations between the five heirs of A. D. Brown, namely A. C. Brown and his sisters, in the shoe company's affairs, McElroy said there was "no partisanship," and that Mrs. McElroy and her sister, Mrs. Jane Collins, had co-operated with the two other sisters, Mrs. Vesta Tittmann and Mrs. Ruth Ober; but "as for A. C. Brown, they (meaning he and his sisters) seldom see each other."

William R. Gentry, former receiver for the shoe company, appeared today as counsel for the present management, resisting the receivership proceeding. Luke E. Hart, who was president and general counsel up to Feb. 15, was not re-elected to either position. His brother, Richard Hart, is representing A. C. Brown as a defendant. Luke Hart, still a member of the board, also is a defendant.

**MARRIAGE BY HART, J. P.
ANNULLED, JUST 'A LARK'**

**Bride Engaged to Another Man,
Who Joins in Hand-Shaking
in Clayton Court.**

The marriage of Everett Watkins and Miss Marguerite Fournier of Minneapolis at the marriage mill of Justice of the Peace George R. Hart on Feb. 21 was annulled today by Circuit Judge John J. Wolfe at Clayton.

Watkins, 29-year-old filling station attendant, testified he had been drinking and never had been out alone with his wife before they were married, although he had known her four months. The marriage he described as "a lark," adding that they returned to their respective homes after the ceremony.

Mrs. Watkins, 21, testified she had been living since last October at the same of an uncle, Ward G. Day, 7248 Balson avenue, University City. She related that at the time of the marriage, which took place after midnight, she was engaged to another young man in Minneapolis.

Ralph Labone of Minneapolis, identified himself as Mrs. Watkins' fiance and testified they still were engaged. Her maiden name was restored and all parties to the suit shook hands. Watkins, son of Earl Watkins, real estate dealer, lives at 520 Kingsland avenue, University City.

**NEW FIELD PAROLE OFFICERS
ASSIGNED TO STATE BOARD**

**Paul Kopravski Designated for St.
Louis; John Kniest for
Comedy District.**

Special to the Post-Dispatch.
JEFFERSON CITY, March 1.—Assignment of new field parole officers to districts throughout the State was announced today by Robert C. Edson, executive secretary of the Missouri Board of Probation and Parole. The officers will aid local authorities by obtaining information for administration of probation to first offenders and will visit prison parolees at least once a month.

Paul Kopravski was designated as field officer for St. Louis and John Kniest for St. Louis County and Franklin, Gasconade, Osage, Jefferson, Washington, Iron, Reynolds and Wayne Counties. W. D. Achuff of St. Louis was assigned to District 6, a group of Central Missouri counties, and George Reeves, Kirkwood, to District 13, in Southeastern Missouri.

15 Dogs Taken Off Relief.
WINSLOW, N. J., March 1.—Officials have dropped from the relief rolls a man who refused to give up 17 dogs with which he shared his allowance. The officials said the community had enough on its hands in providing for human beings without caring for pets.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Postal Clerk for 42 Years Quits.

Cornelius E. Cummings, 4142 Cleveland avenue, a postal clerk for nearly 42 years, retired yesterday with a farewell ceremony at the Main Postoffice. Cummings, who talk-

entered the postal service in 1895, was in charge of the postage due section. A scroll and a billfold

were presented to him by fellow

employees. Postmaster W. Rufus

Jackson made a congratulatory

talk.

Withdraws Signature to Letter.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Rep-

resentative Burdick (Rep.), North

Dakota, who with other members

of Congress signed a letter con-

gratulating the Spanish Govern-

ment on its fight in the Spanish

civil war, said yesterday he had

made a mistake in affixing his

name. He said he had received

many letters from North Dakota

objecting to the letter. He added

stamp out the Catholic religion.

Jerseyville Candidate Quits.

William F. Fahey of Jerseyville,

Ill., has announced his withdraw-

al from the race for Democratic nomi-

nation for Treasurer of Jersey-

ville. Sheriff Floyd Darr of

Jerseyville remains on the ticket.

They have supplied me with data

and affidavits to support their

views—that the present revolution

in Spain is, in the main, a religious

revolution, and that the present

Government has attempted to

stamp out the Catholic religion.

Jerseyville Candidate Quits.

William F. Fahey of Jerseyville,

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al from the race for Democratic nomi-

nation for Treasurer of Jersey-

ville. Sheriff Floyd Darr of

Jerseyville remains on the ticket.

**OHIO LEGISLATORS
PROLONG SESSION
FOR DAVEY INQUI-**

**Draft Investigation Go
On—Petition Circulat
for Impeachment of t
Governor.**

**COMMITTEE MAKES
ITS FIRST REPOR**

**charges Wholesale Wa
and Corruption—Exec
tive, on Radio, Calls
Political Attack.**

Associated Press.

**COLUMBUS, O., March 1.—W
the Ohio State Senate voting y
esterday to extend its session so
investigation of the State Gover
ment could continue, announced**

**it was made that petitions were
circulated asking for removal**

Gov. Martin L. Davey.

**Previously, the Legislature ha
voted to make yesterday its la
working day, and the committee
would end with adjournment.**

**Leon Shepherd, a private in
vestigator, of Lakewood, announced**

**was circulating the petitions d
emanding the Governor's remov
of grounds of nonfeasance, mi
demeanor and malfeasance.**

**The House recessed until to
day hearing a radio address**

**Gov. Davey. The House did n
vote the Senate resolution while
it could extend the special sessi
infinitely.**

Committee's Report.

**preliminary investigating com
mittee report, received by the Se
Senate in the day, alleged wholesale
waste and corruption in vari
State departments. The com
mittee said it lacked time to make
specific recommendations and could
call the Senate's attention to**

**conditions which it said it had un
covered.**

**In the Department of Liquor
Control," the report said, "the
situation is so shot through
with forgery, corruption, graft
reports, faked statistics, pr
ileged 'buys' and maladminis
tration as to be hopeless of cure.**

**In the Highway Departmen
is presented the sad spect
of almost gleeful waste of
taxpayers' money.**

**The Purchasing Department
is run and operated so plain
of law, as to cause the com
mittee to be bewildered.**

Gov. Davey's Address.

**Gov. Davey in his radio address
seeking to destroy him polit
by "contemptible insinu
by the introduction of bas
hood."**

**member of the committee, at
very beginning, made the state
that if I would announce that
I would not be a candidate for re
elected, the investigation would**

be dropped immediately ... " Davey

**at the end of two and a half
months, nothing has been pro
that reflects upon any re
official of the State go
except the slanderous
of Lee Bradley, who is
awaiting trial on a charge of**

Bradley's Testimony.

**Davey devoted most of his
time to a discussion of testi
by Bradley, who asserted he
was in automobile con
to give them large shares of
State's automobile purchases
exchange for contributions to
Davey's 1934 campaign fund.**

**Bradley's falsehoods," said the
Governor of this testimony and of
Davey's charges that he solicited
acts from large utility com
on the promise of political con
Bradley never was
than "natural and legitimate
transactions.**

**The Governor filed a perjury
suit against Bradley in an East
Court. Hearing the case
delayed because of a pe
of prejudice by Bradley's
against Judge Stanton.**

**Senate earlier received reso
demanding the resignation**

Highway Director John Jaster

Liquor Director James W.

Purchasing Agent Glenn A.

and Alfred Humphrey, chief

of the State Liquor Enforcement

Department.

General News

PART TWO

OHIO LEGISLATORS PROLONG SESSION FOR DAVEY INQUIRY

Draft Investigation Goes
On—Petition Circulated
for Impeachment of the
Governor.

COMMITTEE MAKES ITS FIRST REPORT

Charges Wholesale Waste
and Corruption—Executive,
on Radio, Calls It
Political Attack.

Terminal Rail Head



Associated Press Wirephoto
P. J. WATSON JR.

PRESIDENT of the Kansas City Terminal Railroad Co., who will succeed Henry Miller April 1 as president of the Terminal Railroad Association. Miller will retire after more than 50 years in railroad service. Watson began as a rodman for the Pennsylvania in 1903.

200 STUDENTS OFF NYA ROLLS

Only 250 at Washington U. Getting Federal Help This Year.

A cut in National Youth Administration funds has reduced to 250 the number of Washington University students receiving Federal aid.

Last year 450 students were on the administration's rolls. Most of the students working for the NYA this year held similar jobs last year.

300,000 EX-SERVICE MEN WITHOUT JOBS

Veterans' Bureau Sends Questionnaires to Them in Effort to Find Work.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Veterans' Administration has undertaken the task of finding jobs for 300,000 unemployed ex-service men.

Approximately 500,000 questionnaires went into the mails, addressed to veterans who have reported themselves without work. They were asked to fill in the cards, detailing the type of work for which they are fitted, and return them to the United States Employment Service by March 31.

Brigadier-General Frank T. Hines, who will complete 15 years' service as Veterans' Administrator tonight, said in an interview he considered 1938 a "critical" year for former soldiers.

"The average age of World War veterans already is between 45 and 46," he said.

"Increasing age with natural physical handicaps and resultant unemployment constitutes a serious and progressive problem, especially because of commercial and industrial reluctance to employ older men."

Hines said the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, and Disabled American Veterans had agreed to help complete registers of the unemployed. An appeal to industry by President Roosevelt, he said, might follow.

Since 1923, Hines said, the number of hospital beds has increased from 25,209 to 53,061, and the number of Veterans' hospitals from 53 to 81.

Cut for Republic Office Workers.
CLEVELAND, March 1.—Republic Steel Corporation announced today the working week for office

employees has been reduced from five and one-half days to five days, automatically reducing their income 9.11 per cent.

Mrs. Harriet Ogden Jenkins Dies.
Mrs. Harriet Ogden Jenkins, formerly of St. Louis, died at Alton Memorial Hospital, Alton, this

morning of injuries suffered three weeks ago when she fell and fractured her hip in the home of her daughter, Miss Anne Elizabeth Jenkins, at Elsie, Ill. Miss Jenkins is head of the English Department at The Principia College. Mrs. Jenkins was 85 years old.

MARKETS SPORTS

PAGES 1-6B

Today is Post Day

"You youngsters'll have to fight blizzards, Indians, drought, mebbe starvation..."



...YOU'LL PAY HIGH FOR THIS

FREE LAND!"

Beginning a New Novel
of Adventurous
Pioneer Days

ROSE
WILDER
LANE

THE SATURDAY
EVENING POST

5¢



In a camp of missing men
"MAGIC" SAVES A LIFE

Jim Norton's case stumped even the army doctors. They found his arm strangely paralyzed, wanted to amputate it—but Jim went A. W. O. L., hid out with a weird band of refugees. Then a soldier with a knack for sleight-of-hand found something that the doctors didn't know about. Magic? Maybe. See *The Hand is Quicker*—a short story

by MARJORIE
STONEMAN DOUGLAS

"THE GAY BANDIT!"
A New Novel by
I. A. R. WYLIE

Meet the Carlys, guests of the world, and the most delightful frauds on the Riviera. Last week, with an eye to the future, they developed the acquaintance of a lonely moneyed lady on the P. L. M. express—just before it crashed. Plenty of surprises ahead! Second part of five.

PLUS: A DROP OF ELEPHANT BLOOD, a Colonel Flack story by Everett Rhodes Castle; THE FIVE-FATHOM KID by Guy Gilpatrick, in which octopus fights octopus; BASS AND BUGGY DAYS, by Hermann B. Deutsch. Editorials, cartoons, Post Scripts.

What's causing the
"RECESSION"?

A few months ago the stock market crashed, industrial production collapsed, purchasing power declined, and the number of unemployed began to rise by millions. Why? Even during world-wide recovery, the U. S. lagged in sixth or seventh place. Again, why? *Fifth Anniversary N. D.* gives you a step-by-step breakdown of your country's situation today, and what put it there.

by GARET GARRETT

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

CIRCULATION NOW
HIGHEST IN HISTORY

Jerseyville Candidate Quits.
William F. Fahy of Jerseyville, Ill., has announced his withdrawal from the race for Democratic nomination for Treasurer of Jerseyville County. Sheriff Floyd Parr of Jerseyville remains on the ticket.

The Time Was /
Double-Buy, Save
of \$1 Shirt Sales!

RTS

Regularly
\$2, \$2.50

ORDINARY SALES PUT
THER COULDN'T TOUCH
EVENT IN VARIETIES,
HIGHEST QUALITY, VALUES!

Gets Off to a
Flying Start

Super-Value Shirts

the nation's outstanding values \$1
their regular price. Blue, tan
gray collar attached Shirts in
13½ to 18. White collar attached
neckband Shirts in 13½ to 20.

Music to the ears of men
Shirts . . . and, better still,
ight more Shirts than we've
ts who can tell a bargain a
making purchase . . . so we
on. Every last Shirt is tai-
wash, and wash again and
ter. We've stuck to our
finish . . . never deviating
of quality which keeps our
s above all in the Middle
if ever there was one.

Sleeves 32 to 35

esday is baby day!

MPLE SALE

ables

curry!
details.
Robe
"renee"
resses.

ports
288

buckets, 30x40-inch size
es. 1 to 3
Sheets, 42x72
hroom
Infants' Department—With
"renee."

BEARS AND BILLIKENS MEET FOR CITY BASKETBALL TITLE

LOCAL SQUADS
LOSE IN FINAL
VALLEY GAMES

Oklahoma Aggies Rout St. Louis, 35-17, to Retain Title—Tulsa Beats Washington, 37-34.

By James M. Gould.

With competition finished so far as the Valley Conference is concerned, the Washington U. Bears and the St. Louis U. Billikens tonight will officially close dolorous basketball seasons by meeting in a third and final game to determine the city collegiate championship at the sport. The game will be played at the St. Louis U. gym, starting at 8:30 o'clock and will be preceded by a battle between intramural champions of the two schools.

In two games, the Bears and Billikens, each winning one, have scored the same number of points, but on figures based on their recent showings against Tulsa and the Oklahoma Aggies, Washington would appear to hold a slight edge. In Saturday-Monday games, the Billikens scored 50 points against Tulsa and the Aggies against 74, while the Bears, facing the same opposition, counted 60 points, allowing 70. However, as previous contests have shown, figures mean absolutely nothing in battle between the Bears and Billikens.

Last night, the Washington Field Team, the local Valley season ended with a pair of defeats for local teams. In the opener, witnessed by about 600 fans, the Oklahoma Aggies gave the St. Louis U. Billikens a basketball lesson, winning, 35 to 17, and, in the second game, the Golden Hurricane of Tulsa, U. S. B., beat the Aggies, 37-34, after itself to a hard-earned, wildly-played 37-34 victory over the Bears.

Aggies Retain Valley Title.

By winning from the Billikens, the Oklahoma Aggies retained the Valley title won last season. Creighton helped the Aggies make sure of the championship by upsetting Drake. As for the Bears, in the Valley, they won three and lost 11 games; the Billikens won only two and dropped 12 decisions.

The Billikens made a good fight of it for the first half of the opener against the Aggies. At half-time, the Aggies led by only five points, but in the second period, they added 21 points and held the Billikens to six to make a run-away of it. There was no question of the Aggies' superiority. As a matter of fact, the Aggies proved the best Valley team to show here during the season. It is a smooth-working combination, stressing team play and working under basket for points rather than wasting time and energy on long and wild shots. The team thoroughly deserved its championship.

The second game was a riot almost from the start, with 29 fouls called during the battling and the going getting out of the officials' hands on several occasions. Three players, Jones of Tulsa and Beeler and Uhlemeyer of the Bears, went out on personals.

First Half Ends in Tie.

It was the early going that the first half ended in a 16-16 tie. Tulsa took a brief lead in the second period, but the Bears kept battling and took a one-point lead after eight minutes of play. Here, the Tulsans rallied and ran to a six-point advantage with only three minutes of play remaining. A spurt by Washington had the spectators cheering, but it fell short by three points.

In this game, Uhlemeyer, who did not start the action, was the star for the Bears. He led his team with nine points and had his dashing play in the final minutes of the opening period that brought the Bears up on even terms at mid-time.

The Aggies have a final engagement with Tulsa, Friday night, but they don't have to worry over the outcome. Creighton last night re-matched over Drake last night to bring the Aggies up on even terms at mid-time.

Two Valley champions in other sports were on the floor last night. Scheffler, Aggie guard, is the conference diving champion, while Cameron of Tulsa is singles tennis title holder. Cameron was runner-up in the national collegiate tennis tourney last year and owns a victory over Bitsy Grant.

The Aggies won the basketball title with 11 victories and one defeat a year ago, and in 1936 tied for the championship with Drake and Creighton.

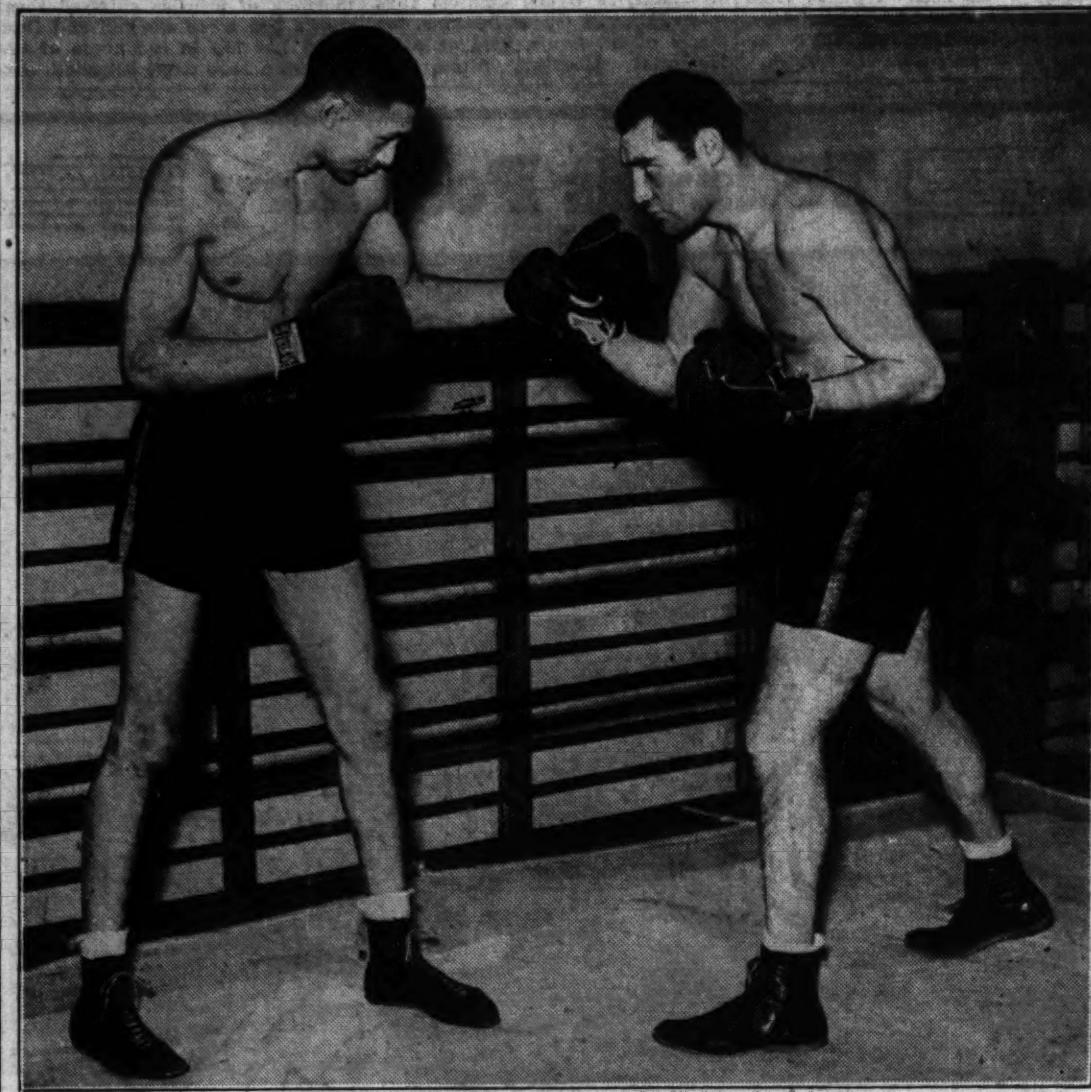
In the first nine minutes of the second half, the Billikens scored only one point against the Aggies.

Krueger was high for the Aggies with 11 points; Al Dudenheffer, Fiern, and Bill Cochran were tops for the Billikens with four apiece. Uhlemeyer, with nine, led the Bears, and Fries and Sizemore, also with nine each, topped Tulsa.

Gannon Sets Skating Record.

James Gannon broke the Winter Garden record for the three-quarter mile race when he won the event for class "A" men in 2m. 17.7s, while competing in one of a series of five ice skating races for the Ozark A. A. U. championships. Jim McCane finished second and Weber Ley third. Norman Cibulka won the class "B" race, Bud Handlan, the intermediate boys'; Elsie Laskowitz, the class "A" women, and Sidney Klein the class "B" women's race.

They'll Fight It Out Here Tonight



Jack Trammell (left) and Andre Lenglet, heavyweight, who will meet in the feature bout of the boxing card at the Auditorium tonight.

Lenglet, Trammell Top Auditorium Card Tonight

By W. J. McGoogan.

Six boxers new to St. Louis fans will be on view at the Municipal Auditorium tonight on a five-bout program produced under the direction of Jack Callahan, the feature of which will be a 10-round contest between Andre Lenglet, French heavyweight, and Jack Trammell, Youngstown (O.) Negro heavyweight.

Two secondary features will bring together heavyweights in 10-round bouts. Buddy Knox, youthful heavyweight, O. M. men oppose Domenic Ceccarelli, Italy, in one. In the other Obie Walker, Georgia, meets Jim Howell, New York; both are Negroes.

A pair of five-round preliminaries open the show with Ben Johnson of Atlanta, Ga., opposing Dave Stanfield, St. Louis, in a lightweight contest, while Jimmy McLaren, II, Springfield, Ill., meets Farrar Moore, St. Louis, in a welterweight bout.

Lenglet, Johnson, McLaren, Howell, Ceccarelli and Knox have not boxed here before.

Lenglet has achieved quite a record and will be favored to win from Trammell, although it promises to be a hotly contested battle.

Among his more important triumphs, Lenglet lists knockouts over Phil Brubaker and Al McCoy, together with point verdicts over Buddy Baer, Hans Birkle and others.

He is a young fellow just 23 years old. He is 6 feet 3 inches tall and weighs 205 pounds, which gives him an advantage of 21 pounds in weight over Trammell, who weighs 184 and is tall and thin, 25 years of age.

Trammell is one of the hardest punchers with his right hand in the business and he is exceedingly accurate, too. He defeated Walker at the Auditorium last month and knocked the huge Georgia Negro down something which has been accomplished seldom.

Trammell owns victories over such men as Harry Thomas and can

CRANE WINS AS PLAY FOR WORLD CUE TITLE OPENS

By the Associated Press.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Irving Crane of Livonia, N. Y., who finished second to Ralph Greenleaf in the 1937 world pocket billiards championship, defeated Joseph Prochita of Groversville, N. Y., 125 to 90, in the opening match last night as the 1938 tourney got under way without a defending champion.

Crane, playing steadily, ended the match in 28 innings, although his best run was 20 as compared to Prochita's 32.

Greenleaf, 16 times winner of the crown, beat Crane in a playoff at the end of the title tourney at Philadelphia last December. Later he turned back Crane and Willie Mosconi, who finished third, in challenge matches. Claiming he was entitled to hold the crown a while longer, he refused to enter the present tournament.

Mosconi beat George Kelly, another Philadelphian, 125 to 61, in the night's second match, which went 26 innings. Mosconi had a run of 54, while Kelly's was 21.

Beginning today, the tournament will go on a four-match daily schedule.

Marcel Camp of Detroit will play Benny Alien of Kansas City and Erwin Rudolph of Cleveland in the afternoon. The night's second match will be between the Regets, Division No. 2 champions, play the Regets, Division No. 4 titleholders, Thursday night at 9 o'clock, and the A. Z. A. meets the winner of the Celts-Vincos contest at 8 o'clock Friday night. The final game will be Sunday afternoon.

Y. M. H. A. FIVES START CHAMPIONSHIP SERIES

Divisional champions of the Y. M. H. A. Basketball League open their series for the league title tonight when the Celts, Division No. 1 titlists, oppose the Vincos, No. 2 titlists, No. 5 champions, at 8 o'clock.

The A. Z. A. team won the Division No. 3 title last night by defeating the Medics, 15-13, in the replay of a tie game.

The Rough Riders, Division No. 2 champions, play the Regets, Division No. 4 titleholders, Thursday night at 9 o'clock, and the A. Z. A. meets the winner of the Celts-Vincos contest at 8 o'clock Friday night. The final game will be Sunday afternoon.

Don Lash to Wed.

By the Associated Press.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 1.—Don Lash, Indiana University's crack distance runner, last night announced his engagement and approaching marriage to Miss Margaret Mendenhall of Pendleton, Ind. Lash said the marriage would take place June 18 in New York. Both are Indiana University graduates.

Webster and Afton Win.

Webster Groves defeated St. Charles, 45-35, in a Suburban League basketball game, and Afton won from Riverview Gardens, 26-21, in a County League contest yesterday. In a non-league game, St. Peter's High of St. Charles scored a 26-23 triumph over Hancock.

STEPHENS IS CHOSEN IOWA BASKET CAPTAIN

By the Associated Press.

IOWA CITY, Ia., March 1.—Bennie Stephens of Cambridge, Ill., a high-scoring forward, will captain the 1938-39 University of Iowa basketball team.

Coach Rollie Williams announced today that Stephens, who scored 138 points, second highest individual scorer in Hawkeye history, in 12 Big Ten games, was elected after the Minnesota-Iowa game last night.

Stephens succeeded Sam Johnson of Cedar Rapids.

New Army Captain.

By the Associated Press.

WEST POINT, N. Y., March 1.—Cadet John S. Samuel of Hinsdale, Ill., has been elected captain of next season's Army basketball team, athletic officials announced today. Samuel also plays end on the football team.

Other scores included: Mrs.

Charles Newbold, Wichita, Kan., 28-40-82; Jane Bauer, Providence, R. I., 42-40-82; Miss Dorothy Traung, San Francisco, Cal., 42-42-84; Mrs. Jane Cuthran Jameson, West Palm Beach, Fla., 42-41-84.

THREE PUNCHES,
TWO KAYOES, FOR
GLOVES FIGHTER

By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The bigger boys who are supposed to pack the punishing power will have opportunity—and incentive—to show the smaller fellows some real soaking tonight in the second session of the eleventh annual Golden Gloves tournament of champions.

Led by Verle Davis, a lightweight

youngster from Kankakee, Ill., who dusted off two opponents with a total of three punches in less than a full round of fighting, the flyweight, bantams, featherweights an 135-pounders compiled a score of 21 knockouts and technical knockouts last night, to the cheers of 14,000 spectators in the Chicago Stadium.

One-Blow Knockout.

Davis' exhibition was the prize demonstration of the evening. One blow on the chin early in the first round knocked out Howard Barker of Centralia, Ill. Against Jim Hendricks of Cincinnati, Davis whipped over a right and left to end the bout in 12 seconds.

Frank Kainrath of Chicago, winner of the 118-pound title last year and the only 1937 champion

entered this year, moved impressively toward another crown. He started by outpointing Eddie Landier of Chicago, in a bristling first-round, and reached the third round of his next test.

The four bigger divisions will battle tonight through two rounds of leather-swinging, with all eight divisions working down to the semifinals tomorrow night. The semifinals and championship bouts will be fought March 11.

St. Louis Boys Lose.

St. Louis will have to rely on its bigger boys, from 147 pounds up, for honors in the tournament.

Flyweight Elwood Jones, Leon Haire, 115-pounder; Featherweight Lou Wallach, and Griffin Ivey in the 135-pound division, made gallant stands, but all were eliminated.

Jones won his first-round test by a decision over Dean Weigert of Oklahoma City, but was outpointed by George de Gidio of Minneapolis in the second round.

Mitchell Winton of Dayton, O., eliminated Haire in the first round of bantamweight battling, winning a lively tussle by a decision. Wallach fell before a closing rally by Jack Simmons of Kansas City.

Eddie Smith Beats Ivey.

Ivey drew a first-round bye, and in his second rounder ran into Eddie Smith of Detroit, one of the favorites of the lightweight. Smith, who punched out a clean-cut decision over Walter Johnson of Indianapolis, in the first round of his title, will be in the field for the 1939 tourney.

Only one delegate in the field

is the favorite, Seashifter, Aneroid, Indian, Broom, Pompon and others are too remote from the Western cities.

Looks Like a Hoss Race.

WEIGHTS CONSIDERED, the favorite, Seashifter, will have to step his pretties to remain in front of the field Saturday. There will be Seashifter, Aneroid, Indian, Broom, Pompon and others are too remote from the Western cities.

To get the midsummer games,

St. Louis would have to underwrite the event to the extent of \$10,000, about half to go for the athletes. That, however, is only one obstacle. Another is a suitable place to hold such games.

Seashifter, starting for the first time in months, recently showed he was right near top condition Saturday. Eddie Smith, which was

the horse to do most damage to the winter books on the Handicap is Pompon, which was played at odds as high as 20 to 1 and later was backed off the boards in at least one book. Jimmy Carroll "rubbed" Pompon's name more than three weeks ago, finding himself loaded up on that horse at long odds.

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Jones won his first-round test by a decision over Dean Weigert of Oklahoma City, but was outpointed by George de Gidio of Minneapolis in the second round.

Mitchell Winton of Dayton, O., eliminated Haire in the first round of bantamweight battling, winning a lively tussle by a decision. Wallach fell before a closing rally by Jack Simmons of Kansas City.

Eddie Smith Beats Ivey.

Ivey drew a first-round bye, and in his second rounder ran into Eddie Smith of Detroit, one of the favorites of the lightweight. Smith, who punched out a clean-cut decision over Walter Johnson of Indianapolis, in the first round of his title, will be in the field for the 1939 tourney.

Only one delegate in the field

is the favorite, Seashifter, Aneroid, Indian, Broom, Pompon and others are too remote from the Western cities.

To get the midsummer games,

St. Louis would have to underwrite the event to the extent of \$10,000, about half to go for the athletes. That, however, is only one obstacle. Another is a suitable place to hold such games.

Seashifter, starting for the first

time in months, recently showed he was right near top condition Saturday. Eddie Smith, which was

the horse to do most damage to the winter books on the Handicap is Pompon, which was played at odds as high as 20 to 1 and later was backed off the boards in at least one book. Jimmy Carroll "rubbed" Pompon's name more than three weeks ago, finding himself loaded up on that horse at long odds.

One-Blow Knockout.

Davis' exhibition was the prize demonstration of the evening

ALL TITLE

CROSETTI, GOMEZ AND RUFFING SIGN CONTRACTS WITH YANKS

JAPAN SUGGESTS
OLYMPIC GAMES
BE HELD LATE

Medwick, Cardinal Ace, Expected to Talk Contract With Vice-President Rickey Tomorrow.

By the Associated Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., March 1.—The ranks of the New York Yankees holdouts were cut to three here today when Manager Joe McCarthy announced that Frankie Crosetti, shortstop, and Spurgeon Chandler, right-handed pitcher, had signed their contracts. They are on their way to camp now, McCarthy was informed from New York.

Brunnage declared if the last time is approved at the forthcoming meeting of the International Olympic Committee at Calais, American students will lose a portion of their school work, since they will be unable to return to the United States until the latter part of October.

The Japanese suggestion was approved by Germany, while England and France upheld Brunnage's views. The proposal was advanced here only for discussion since a change in the dates can only be made at the Cairo meeting.

Matsuo Magai, the Japanese representative, said "the question of Japanese military action in China does not enter the discussion cause everybody in Japan figures the fighting will be over by then. If not, he said, it will not affect holding the games in Tokyo."

One delegate—the Negro Osgood—said he was forced to "regret publicly" that games were given to a nation that had a record of 20 and 7 in the regular season and won his only start against the Giants.

Hockey Is Due Tomorrow.

By the Associated Press.

PARIS, March 1.—The International Amateur Athletic Federation renews the track and field record book yesterday.

Although United States delegations walked off with most of the awards as the I. A. A. F. approved new standards established by Americans, including Jesse Owens' panted 10.2 seconds for 100 meters and Forrest (Spec) Towns' all-incredible 127 seconds for the meter high hurdles, Great Britain snared the most prized individual record—that for the outdoor mile.

This went to the credit of spindly-shanked, bespectacled Henry Wooderson, who was clocked 4:06.4 in a record-smashing performance on London Aug. 28. Wooderson's time, then, was reported 4:06.6, a tenth of a second less than Glenn Cunningham's university standard of 4:06.7, but the record was set and approved by the I. A. A. F. 4:06.4.

Other individual records set Americans and approved today:

500 METERS AND 800 YARDS—4:09.7, by Elrey Robinson of New Mexico.

1000 YARDS—2:09.7, by Robinson.

2000 METERS—5:16.8, by Artie Johnson of Minnesota.

120-MILE HIGH HURDLES—14.6 miles flat, by Bob Osgood, University of Michigan.

POLE VAULT—14 feet 11 inches, Earl Meadows and Bill Sefton, University of Southern California.

High jump records were set to American combinations as follows:

500 YARDS—Stanford University.

2000 METERS—8:00, by Artie Johnson of Michigan.

1000 YARDS—Bob Osgood, University of Michigan.

1-MILE—Bob Osgood, University of Michigan.

Aside from Wooderson's initial set, Miklos Szabo's 8:06 and Matti Järvinen's javelin toss of 4½ inches.

The Indians are working out twice a day because next week they will be restricted to a morning workout. They share the morning with the New Orleans Pelicans.

Manus Not Satisfied.

CLEARWATER, Fla., March 1.—Heinie Manus, veteran Brooklyn outfielder who winters near the Dodgers' training quarters here, and who last year had received a second offer from the club today and he would take it as promptly as he had the first.

Manus led the Dodgers in batting and in driving runs last season. Looking for an increase, he said the first contact received represented a cut from \$9000 to \$7000. He returned it unsigned, asking for \$10000, but instead got a counteroffer from Larry MacPhail, Brooklyn's executive vice-president, of \$7000 plus a bonus for playing in a certain number of games.

"I am not even giving this bid a slightly higher rating."

Plans call for East to open inter-city program against the Ley.

Following that game, Ferrell, veteran right-hander of the Washington pitching staff, signed his 1938 contract here today but said he received no increase over last year's salary.

The St. Louis high school boy who won Saturday morning's 1000-yard race at the Central High school last night by defeating a sell-out crowd of two thousand and 9000 is expected to be a star next year.

Valparaiso Wins Title.

Alton Wrestlers Win.

High School's wrestlers defeated Edwardsville, 38-5, last night to take third place in the Southwestern Illinois Conference.

Valparaiso's victory was against only one defeat.

It was apparent Ferrell had expected no salary increase.

Alton Wrestlers Win.

High School's wrestlers defeated Edwardsville, 38-5, last night to take third place in the Southwestern Illinois Conference.

Valparaiso's victory was against only one defeat.

STOCK LIST

CLOSES FIRM;

STEELS LEAD

QUIET RALLY

COMMODITY INDEX

AVG

Other statistics showing economic trend.

TREND OF STAPLE PRICES.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The Associated Press daily wholesale price index of 35

basic commodities:

Tuesday 71.18

Monday 71.28

Wednesday 71.23

Month ago 91.45

RANGE OF RECENT YEARS.

1938, 1937, 1936, 1935-36

High — 70.79 72.65 72.11 72.88

Low — 67.79 72.65 72.11 72.44

(1936 average equals 100.)

STOCK PRICE AVERAGES.

(Compiled by Dow-Jones.)

Stocks High Low Close Change.

30 Indust. 131.20 128.84 130.47 + .83

20 R. & R. 30.11 29.70 30.02 + .12

10 Ind. 19.90 19.81 20.00 + .10

70 Stocks 42.57 42.90 42.61 + .29

(Compiled by the Associated Press.)

Stocks High Low Close Change.

30 Indust. 66.4 65.2 69.9 + .57

15 Railroads 30.3 29.9 30.2 + .12

65 Utilities 31.7 31.4 31.6 + .1

60 Am. & Ref. 45.0 45.8 + .5

10 Ind. 30.15 30.15 30.15 + .00

Ind. R. & Util. Stocks

Day's change + .6 2.1 —

Tuesday — 65.2 20.2 31.6 45.8

Am. Ind. R. & Util. Stocks 24.0 23.6 24.0 23.6

Week ago — 65.6 19.9 31.7 45.8

Two weeks ago — 65.0 19.3 30.7 43.8

Three weeks ago — 64.9 19.2 30.6 43.8

Year ago — 99.5 37.5 50.0 45.8

1938 high — 65.2 21.6 34.9 47.9

1937 high — 101.6 49.5 54.0 47.9

1937 low — 57.7 19.0 31.6 41.7

January — 195.5 57.7 61.8 41.7

MOVEMENT IN RECENT YEARS.

(Compiled by the Associated Press.)

Stocks High Low Close Change.

30 Indust. 131.20 128.84 130.47 + .83

15 Railroads 66.4 65.2 69.9 + .57

65 Utilities 31.7 31.4 31.6 + .1

60 Am. & Ref. 45.0 45.8 + .5

10 Ind. 30.15 30.15 30.15 + .00

Ind. R. & Util. Stocks

Day's change + .6 2.1 —

Tuesday — 65.2 20.2 31.6 45.8

Am. Ind. R. & Util. Stocks 24.0 23.6 24.0 23.6

Week ago — 65.6 19.9 31.7 45.8

Two weeks ago — 65.0 19.3 30.7 43.8

Three weeks ago — 64.9 19.2 30.6 43.8

Year ago — 99.5 37.5 50.0 45.8

1938 high — 65.2 21.6 34.9 47.9

1937 high — 101.6 49.5 54.0 47.9

1937 low — 57.7 19.0 31.6 41.7

January — 195.5 57.7 61.8 41.7

10 LOW-YIELD BONDS.

(Compiled by the Associated Press.)

Stocks High Low Close Change.

30 Indust. 131.20 128.84 130.47 + .83

15 Railroads 66.4 65.2 69.9 + .57

65 Utilities 31.7 31.4 31.6 + .1

60 Am. & Ref. 45.0 45.8 + .5

10 Ind. 30.15 30.15 30.15 + .00

Ind. R. & Util. Stocks

Day's change + .3 1.4 —

Tuesday — 64.5 96.9 90.6 + .56

Am. Ind. R. & Util. Stocks 20.0 19.0 19.0 + .00

Month ago — 63.6 96.0 89.0 + .55.9

Year ago — 97.1 104.0 101.3 72.9

1938 high — 70.5 94.9 92.0 + .74

1937 high — 99.0 104.4 102.8 74.7

1937 low — 70.0 90.0 90.3 72.9

January — 101.6 94.5 94.0 74.7

1938 high — 30.1 98.0 102.9 100.5

1938 low — 10.9 32.0 32.0 10.5

U. S. GOVERNMENT BOND YIELDS.

NEW YORK, March 1.—Government bonds, based on Monday's closing prices, showed the following yields:

Treasury 3 1/2% 43-40 June, .88 pct.

3 1/2% 41-43 March, .89 pct.; 4 1/2% 41-43 April, .94 pct.; 5 1/2% 41-43 May, .94 pct.; 6 1/2% 41-43 June, .94 pct.; 7 1/2% 41-43 July, .94 pct.; 8 1/2% 41-43 August, .94 pct.; 9 1/2% 41-43 September, .94 pct.; 10 1/2% 41-43 October, .94 pct.; 11 1/2% 41-43 November, .94 pct.; 12 1/2% 41-43 December, .94 pct.

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UNITED STATES TREASURY POSITION ON FEBRUARY 26

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The position of the Treasury on Feb.

26: Receipts 13,236,635.35; expenditures

18,727,710.53; balance \$2,470,857.50.

At mid-afternoon the French franc was down .03% of a cent to 123.8% cents, and sterling was % of a cent off at \$5.01%.

Cotton yielded 35 to 55 cents a bag.

News of the Day.

Johns-Manville, on a delayed opening of 20 minutes, dropped more than 4 points. It later regained some of this. The stock apparently was depressed by action of the company's directors late yesterday in omitting a dividend on the common because of the uncertain business outlook.

The market generally, analysts said, seemed to be taking dividend omissions without especial upset.

Shareholders realizing large disbursements voted last year made it necessary for corporations to trim salaried when they ran into cloudy weather. It was also observed that payments in future quarters undoubtedly would follow a pick-up in trade.

The automotive group reflected

partly on the General Motors an-

nouncement January overseas sales

were the highest for that month

on record and were up 10.6 per cent over the 1936 period.

Dun & Bradstreet survey showed

business failures in the week end-

ed Feb. 24 totaled 246, a new low

for the year to date, comparing with 263 in the previous week.

Although Wall street found re-

newed hope for tax revision in

Financier Bernard M. Baruch's tes-

timony before a Senate committee,

there were still many doubters in

the commission houses.

Transfer of a Stock Exchange

membership for \$67,000, off \$300

from the last sale, did nothing to

improve the "street's" frame of

mind.

Overnight Developments.

Attention was given the survey

of the Federal Reserve Board

disclosing department store stocks

for the country as a whole at the end

of January were considerably be-

low the volume in the same period

a year ago. Goods on hand cur-

rently were believed to be about 7 per cent under the average for

1937 and only 5 per cent above the

1936 mark.

Day's 15 Most Active Stocks.

Sales, closing price and net

change of the 15 most active

stocks: General Motors, 14,200,

35, up 1%; General Electric, 11,

LOCAL STOCK TRADE QUIET, PRICES MIXED

ST. LOUIS STOCK EXCHANGE
March 1.—The local market was quiet today.

In the morning Hydraulic Brick preferred was unchanged, while St. Louis Bank Building was lower.

In the afternoon a little National Oats sold up 1/4 points and Sterling Aluminum 3/4 point.

Stock sales amounted to 470 shares, compared with 842 yesterday. Bond sales were \$1000.

Following is a complete list of securities traded in giving sales, high, low, closing prices, and net changes:

Stocks and Bonds in Dollars. Sales, High, Low, Close, Change.

Rec'd. Int. B. P. B. 225 3 3 334 334 334

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DEALER

Ford Parts are used and
ordinary maintenance operated
at a standard flat rate.
and inspect the showrooms
new Ford Dealership where
new Ford V-8 cars are on
Note particularly the
this year there are two
V-8 cars. The Standard
comes in two engine sizes
and 60 H.P. In addition
the Ford car with the 85
is the biggest and most
Ford V-8 ever built. We
you will find everything
is dealership worthy of
pride.

OMPANY

Against Some Holding Companies.
Some holding companies, the
witnesses declared, were created to
avoid taxes or provide for minor
control of operating companies,
and he asked: "Were the Alle-
ghany and Pennroad holding trusts
formed for necessary railroad ac-
tivities or to elude the rulings of
the Interstate Commerce Commis-
sion?"
But support and encouragement,

for his strictures of yesterday
regarding "messiahs" and "magi-
cians" had reference to officials
like Secretary Ickes and Solicitor-
General Robert H. Jackson, was in-
dicated by the witness at the end of
his statement on monopoly, when he remarked sarcastically: "Mr. Jackson seems to know precisely what monopoly is. He knows just what to expect of business—and just what business may expect."

"I know some," Baruch assured him. That his strictures of yesterday
regarding "messiahs" and "magi-
cians" had reference to officials
like Secretary Ickes and Solicitor-
General Robert H. Jackson, was in-
dicated by the witness at the end of
his statement on monopoly, when he remarked sarcastically: "Mr. Jackson seems to know precisely what monopoly is. He knows just what to expect of business—and just what business may expect."

SHANGHAI POLICE FRUSTRATE
NEW 'HUMAN HAND' WARNINGS!
Man Arrested With Packages Con-
taining Threats Against Anti-
Soviet Activity.

By the Associated Press.

SHANGHAI, March 1.—Police

frustrated today a new attempt by

terrorists to deliver "human hand

warnings."

A messenger carrying neat pack-
ages of dismembered hands and

written warnings against anti-Jap-
anese activities was arrested. His

threats were addressed to two Chi-
nese language newspapers, both of

which have been bombed.

One was the Ta Mei Wan Pao,

the Chinese edition of the Ameri-
can-owned Shanghai Evening Post.

ing built there.

FACSIMILE BROADCASTING
DAILY CARTOON
EDITORIAL
ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH SECTION
PAGES 1-6C

Daily Cartoon
Editorial Page

PART THREE

BARUCH AGAINST BUSINESS SPLIT-UP INTO SMALL BITS

Financier Asks Senators if
Result Won't Be More
Dependence on Govern-
ment, as in Agriculture.

FOR EASING TAXES, NOT REPEALING THEM

He Favors "Liberating Nat-
ural Urge to Function"—
Public "Always Wrong"
in Stock Market.

By RICHARD L. STOKES,
Staff Correspondent of the
Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—At-
tacks on business along a broad
front for the sole purpose of break-
ing it up in smaller pieces were
depicted today by Bernard M.
Baruch, economic adviser to Pres-
idents since Woodrow Wilson. He
appeared for the second day be-
fore the Senate Committee on Un-
employment and Relief. Senator
Byrnes (Dem.), South Carolina,
presided. The tall, white-haired
financier read two prepared state-
ments, one on monopoly and the
other on agriculture.

He first drew a distinction be-
tween monopoly, defined as such
control of price and production as
exploits the public, and mere fig-
ures, to which he ascribed signal
blessings: low prices, cheap ser-
vices, high standards of living, achieved
through mass production and
distribution unemployement.

"If we break up our big business
into small units," Baruch demand-
ed, "we won't have the same prob-
lem we have in agriculture—an in-
finite number of small concerns
which cannot find for themselves
and will have to be given more
care by Government like agricultur-
e."

For Modification, Not Repeal.

Certain headlines writers, re-
marked Senator Byrnes, interpreted

Baruch's testimony of yesterday as
imputing the current slump to poli-
cies of the New Deal.

"There was not one word in my
testimony," the witness replied,
"the railroads were our greatest
monopoly. They needed regulation
worse than any monopolies that
ever existed. Because the Govern-
ment was inefficient in regulation,
it turned to Federally-subsidized
competition. It created artificial
waterways. The studies of the
Coolidge Transportation Committee,
on which I served, shows that, ex-
cept for the Great Lakes waterway,
not one inland waterway stands on
its own feet economically. They are
principally devices for regulating
railroad rates—some carrying none
little traffic—merely maintained
at public expense to do that which
Government could do more cheaply
and effectively by direct regulation."

The copper monopoly raised
prices, he said, until it provoked the
development of foreign mines as
rivals. The telephone was over-
taken by wireless, and mass produc-
tion of Diesel engines is threatening
light and power monopolies.

Welcomes Farm Law.

Baruch confessed his happiness,
after 20 years of agitation, that
there is now at last a farm law on
the statute books. He wished Sec-
retary Wallace success in trying to
make it work, but expressed the
desire that it might have been "un-
pier and more certain." The balance
between industry and agriculture
was upset at the beginning, he held,
"when we adopted a system of pro-
tective tariffs that was deliberately
intended to subsidize industry at
the expense of agriculture."

Under existing world condi-
tions, he declared, it is now impossible
"to knock down the old artificiality
of the tariff." The simplest, fairest
and most logical alternative pro-
cedure, he said, would be to leave
production and marketing free to
the operation of economic laws,
and make up the deficit to the
farmer by means of a straight sub-
sidy, or processing tax, on domestic
consumption of farm products.

"What difference does it make to
the consumer," he inquired,
whether the higher prices he pays
comes from a processing tax or
from a shortage of food artificially
engineered?"

From the context of the new
farm bill, the admitted the financer,
he is not sure whether it follows
the principle of co-operation with
natural laws, or their obstruction
and repeal.

"I question," he added, "its more
ambitious attempts at all times to
control price by controlling mar-
keting and production."

World Competition Makes Prices.

The prices of our principal cash
crops are made abroad in world
competition, Baruch averred, and
we can do nothing here to control
them.

"If by manipulation of produc-
tion and scarcity," he said, "we get
as much price above the world price
as much happens if the plan is to
success—simply price ourselves
out of the world market—for our
surplus. These markets, once lost,
are lost forever. I fear that we

DEBATE CALLED IN COMMONS ON BRITISH DEFENSE PROGRAM

Chamberlain to Open Discussion of Entire
Question Monday—U.S.-English-French
Naval Conversations Begin.

By the Associated Press.

LONDON, March 1.—Prime Min-
ister Neville Chamberlain declared
today he would throw the whole
question of Great Britain's de-
fense structure open to debate

Monday in the House of Commons.

The Prime Minister told the

House that debate would follow
publication tomorrow night of the
annual Defense White Paper, the

official Government report on the

empire's \$7,500,000,000, five-year

arms building program, now in its

second year.

Chamberlain said he would open

the debate himself.

His statement was made soon

after naval experts of the United

States, Great Britain and France

had begun a discussion on what

to do about Japan's refusal to

close whether it had built or in-

tended to build battleships of

more than 35,000 tons. The three

Powers, but not Japan, are bound

by treaty to that limit.

The White Paper and the debate

were expected to go into all phases

of Britain's accomplishments at

the end of the first year of her

vast re-armament plan and of her

preparation against war threats

both in Europe and the Far East

in the next 12 months.

Exact estimates of army, navy

and air force figures will be pub-
lished after the White Paper. In-

creased Navy estimates, it was

stated, should be accorded to the

helping companies set up for the

convenient management of legiti-
mate business.

Artificial monopolies, declared
Baruch, should be ruthlessly legis-
lated out of our economy, but there
are certain natural and unavoidable
monopolies, such as telephones and
utilities. Government competition
with the latter, he asserted, is un-
sound, retarded recovery and multi-
plies unemployment.

"Aside from the laws that man
is ignorant may invent," Baruch

proclaimed, "there is wonder-

ful balance and protection in the

laws that God in his infinite intelli-
gence has provided." This was his

conclusion from a demonstration

that even natural monopolies have

a way of losing their grip.

Has Given Some Illustrations.

"When I was a boy," he related,
"the railroads were our greatest
monopoly. They needed regulation
more than any monopolies that
ever existed. Because the Govern-
ment was inefficient in regulation,
it turned to Federally-subsidized
competition. It created artificial
waterways. The studies of the
Coolidge Transportation Committee,
on which I served, shows that, ex-
cept for the Great Lakes waterway,
not one inland waterway stands on
its own feet economically. They are
principally devices for regulating
railroad rates—some carrying none
little traffic—merely maintained
at public expense to do that which
Government could do more cheaply
and effectively by direct regulation."

The copper monopoly raised
prices, he said, until it provoked the
development of foreign mines as
rivals. The telephone was over-
taken by wireless, and mass produc-
tion of Diesel engines is threatening
light and power monopolies.

Welcomes Farm Law.

Baruch confessed his happiness,

after 20 years of agitation, that
there is now at last a farm law on

the statute books. He wished Sec-
retary Wallace success in trying to

make it work, but expressed the
desire that it might have been "un-
pier and more certain." The balance
between industry and agriculture
was upset at the beginning, he held,
"when we adopted a system of pro-
tective tariffs that was deliberately
intended to subsidize industry at
the expense of agriculture."

Under existing world condi-
tions, he declared, it is now impossible
"to knock down the old artificiality
of the tariff." The simplest, fairest
and most logical alternative pro-
cedure, he said, would be to leave
production and marketing free to
the operation of economic laws,
and make up the deficit to the
farmer by means of a straight sub-
sidy, or processing tax, on domestic
consumption of farm products.

"I question," he added, "its more
ambitious attempts at all times to
control price by controlling mar-
keting and production."

World Competition Makes Prices.

The prices of our principal cash

crops are made abroad in world

competition, Baruch averred, and
we can do nothing here to control
them.

"If by manipulation of produc-
tion and scarcity," he said, "we get
as much price above the world price
as much happens if the plan is to
success—simply price ourselves
out of the world market—for our
surplus. These markets, once lost,
are lost forever. I fear that we

WILLKIE ADVISES INDUSTRY TO RESIST FEDERAL INVASION

Head of Commonwealth & Southern Says Achievements Are For-
gotten

By the Associated Press.

DETROIT, March 1.—Wendell

L. Willkie, president of Common-
wealth & Southern Utilities Cor-
poration, assailed Government practices

toward business men yesterday

and advised private industry to resist

the Federal "invasion."

Willkie, one of the business lead-

ers who recently conferred with

President Roosevelt, told the Eco-
nomic Club that the Tennessee Valley

Authority represented a Gov-
ernment threat to private enter-

prise.

"Only a few years ago," Willkie

said, "American industrial organi-

zation was one of the wonders of

the world, with Great Britain, the

Orient and Latin America sending

experts here to study and emulate

our achievements."

"Today, achievements are forgotten

and the Government is pro-

moting the failure of American in-

dustry. They have officially buried

it beneath an avalanche of vi-

perations, interred the good with its

bones, and remind us only of the

evil."

Willkie said, "American way

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
December 12, 1878
Published by
The Pulitzer Publishing Co.
Twelfth Boulevard and Olive Street

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles; that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight the antagonists of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare; never be satisfied with merely printing news; always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.
April 16, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Mr. McCawley's Proposals.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
THE astronomical strides we are making toward Utopia by taxation should bring rejoicing to the hearts of every man, woman, child and wooden Indian within the Pendergast jurisdiction; and if we are not all soon able to live in comfort without work, it will probably be because former State Senator A. W. McCawley fails to effect his "far-reaching changes in the legislative and taxing provisions of the State Constitution."

Mr. McCawley's "provisions" embrace the establishment of a State home loan bank with a capital of \$12,000,000 of taxpayers' money which is to be loaned for building houses to cost not more than \$2500. His provisions for paying old-age pensions are the best so far presented for catching votes. They provide a pension of \$15 per month to single persons, \$40 to married couples over 65, and \$25 a month to married persons with husband or wife under 65 years of age, but make no provision for married persons without husband or wife of any age. Anyhow, at the pensioner's death, the State would be reimbursed for all assistance advanced, by holding a lien against all property accumulated from the pensioner's fabulous income.

Another salutary provision for bringing copious salvia to the mouths of hungry politicians, and 17 kinds of blistering anathemas from taxpayers, embraces the increase of membership in the House of Representatives from 150 to 173, and in the Senate from 34 to 47 and another would increase the pay of members from \$5 to \$25 per day for the first 100 days of regular sessions, and 150 days of revision sessions, with no compensation for the other 115 days of the year. One negligible matter which Mr. McCawley neglected to dwell upon was just how far his "far-reaching" provisions would penetrate the taxpayers' pocket, but in view of the mounting cost of State government for the past few years, and from a fair and conservative estimate, his proposed legislation would not add more than \$150,000,000 to \$200,000,000 to the present cost of State government.

In view of the present trend of political procedure it would appear that the only remedy the average politician can muster for treating any kind of economic disorder, including itchy palms, is by increasing the 757 varieties of taxes.

Ballwin, Mo. H. L. SPRADLING.

Is Mexico Red?

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
IN his interesting article, "Mexico in Evolution," John P. Riske would assure those who see Red in Mexico with the Mexican Government's assertion that its labor policy is not radical but reasonable.

On the very day this article was published, a news dispatch from Mexico City reported that President Cardenas had addressed the Confederation of Mexican Workers, urged a congress of the workers of the world to be held in Mexico, and "when the President had finished, the entire assemblage joined in singing the Communist International." M.

Case of the Neckwear Workers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

IT seems the old saying that in unity there is strength is being completely forgotten among unionists. Even though two union leaders cannot agree, the laboring class should still be united for one cause, regardless of which banner they are registered under.

We are all trying to make an honest living, and therefore should buy union label products whenever possible, without discriminating the C. I. O. or the A. F. of L., as is being done. This is especially true in the neckwear industry, whose union members are formerly affiliated with the American Federation of Labor. About three years ago, with the consent and approval of the A. F. of L. Council, the jurisdiction of the neckwear workers was placed with the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America. This organization is now affiliated with the C. I. O. and has the only official neckwear union label that has been printed.

We would like to inform the public of this and ask merchants and members of organized labor to give us their support. We are still the same people and are working for the same cause as when we were affiliated with the A. F. of L.

We still patronize the A. F. of L. unions. We are with you! Why are you not with us? A NECKWEAR WORKER.

Favors Anti-noise Bill.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:
I WAS glad to read that a campaign is being launched by the St. Louis Chamber of Commerce to free the city of unnecessary noise.

The Board of Aldermen would do well to enact the proposed ordinance. It will meet with success when supported by public opinion. Are St. Louisans really interested in a quieter and better city for themselves and their visitors? Is such a law practical?

The public will never observe such a law until they become noise conscious. Let's improve the city and the people's health by eliminating the nuisance noises, especially the loud honking of automobile horns. HOW ABOUT IT?

A NEEDED TAX AMENDMENT.

The Supreme Court has ruled without dissent, in an opinion read by Justice McReynolds, that the salaries of state employees engaged in liquidating state banks or insurance companies are not exempt from the Federal income tax.

The decision points out that the compensation in such cases comes from corporate assets, not from public funds, and that none of the employees in question "was an officer of the state in the strict sense of that term."

It is gratifying to have this ruling from the high court, and to have it in the forthright manner of the McReynolds opinion. What the court says is the plain common sense of the matter. The decision is in line with other recent findings of the court, and it ought to put a stop to the efforts of analogous groups—persons doing special work for a state but not regularly engaged in the "discharge of essential governmental duties"—to get in under the tax-exemption umbrella.

The court's ruling in this tax case is welcome not only as an act of simple justice, but as a fresh reminder—particularly timely now as March 15 approaches—that there are today some 5,000,000 employees of the Federal, state and local governments who escape income taxes, either of the Federal Government or of the states in which they reside. That is to say, Federal employees are exempt from state income taxes, and state and local employees are exempt from Federal income taxes. This condition, with its palpable discrimination against those who draw their income from private employment, has become a matter of increasing concern as government jobs have multiplied.

What should be done about it? There are students of the Constitution who believe the wording of the sixteenth amendment—that Congress shall have power to levy on incomes "from whatever source derived"—is such that the exemptions in question should never have been granted. On the other hand, there is the doctrine that neither a state government nor the Federal Government may tax the instrumentalities of the other, and it is this theory which has prevailed in the Supreme Court through a long line of decisions.

The solution, therefore, appears to lie only in a constitutional amendment specifically permitting reciprocal taxation of the income of public employees by the states and the Federal Government. Representative Cochran of St. Louis introduced a resolution last year calling for such an amendment. Congress ought to adopt this or some similar measure and give the states a chance to wipe out one of the greatest inequities with which the income tax system is burdened.

INEVITABLE LABOR DECISIONS.

The pair of Supreme Court decisions in the National Labor Relations Board cases, decided unanimously yesterday without participation of Justices Cardozo and Reed, follow virtually as a matter of course from the validity of the Wagner Act itself. Speaking for the court, Justice Stone found that the Greyhound bus lines, in two instances in different parts of the country, had, by "unfair labor practices," established a company union whose very structure rendered it "incapable of functioning as a bargaining representative of employees." That being so, the court which had upheld the Wagner Act had only one choice when confronted with the complaint that the N. L. R. B. had ordered the company to withdraw its recognition of the company unions. "The simple life. The Martini had not yet been invented, hors d'oeuvres had never crossed the Atlantic, and "to 7" was a vesperal period when America ate its supper and got ready to say its prayers and go to bed."

Though Kansas City's registration has not reached the hectic heights of 1936, it is still well over 100 per cent. They just do on voting in that town.

CIVIL SERVICE IN MISSOURI.

The formation of the Missouri Federation for the Merit System is a forward step of real significance. It means that for the first time Missouri now has a statewide organization uniting various groups which are interested in improving its civil service.

Heretofore the brunt of the battle for the merit system at Jefferson City has been borne by the League of Women Voters and a few other groups which have made State government personnel one of their interests. Now there are 15 organizations, grouped in the new federation, ready and eager to bring their influence to bear in this important field of government.

A challenging opportunity lies ahead, for both the new organization and the State of Missouri. For while Missouri is fertile ground for improvement, the fact is that the states generally have been backward. In the last two years, however, there has been a marked change. During 1937, Arkansas, Tennessee, Maine, Connecticut and Michigan adopted civil service systems to bring to 15 the number of states which have placed state personnel on a merit basis. These additions put some 30,000 more public employees under civil service.

States in which similar measures are either pending or in prospect of enactment include Georgia, Virginia, Minnesota, Idaho, Indiana, Wyoming, Alabama, New Hampshire and Rhode Island. An intensive campaign by the new federation might very well result in the addition of Missouri when our legislators next assemble at Jefferson City.

JUSTICE HOLMES WOULD HAVE APPROVED.

A favorable and significant commentary on the new curriculum now in force at the University of Chicago Law School is that its supporting ideas would have met the approval of the late Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes.

The Chicago innovation in the teaching of law is an attempt to make better lawyers by teaching them more of what surrounds the law. To this end, the course has been lengthened from three to four years, case work has been reduced, and economics, history, psychology and sociology have been made an organic part of the training. This is a distinct victory for the ideas of President Hutchins, who has a standing quarrel with the type of higher education which emphasized specialization at the expense of creative thought. It also is an important step toward the creation of the kind of lawyer Justice Holmes envisioned as the attorney of the future.

"For the rational study of the law," he said, "the black-letter man may be the man of the present, but the man of the future is the man of statistics and the master of economics."

At another time he said: "Every lawyer ought to

seek an understanding of economics." Even more inclusive and suggestive was his belief that "to be a master of any branch of knowledge, you must master those which lie next to it."

This is precisely what the new curriculum at Chicago hopes to accomplish. The implied thought back of it all is that a proper understanding of the law requires not only specialized information and familiarity with precedents, but something of the combined approach of the philosopher and the scientist as well.

IN THE LIGHT OF—

I say to this Senate, Mr. President, that a Jackson County (Missouri) Democrat has as much chance of a fair trial in the Federal District Court of Western Missouri as a Jew would have in a Hitler court or a Trotsky follower before Stalin.

The quotation is from Senator Truman's speech protesting against the reappointment of United States Attorney Milligan.

It should be read in the light of yesterday's dispatch from Washington, reading as follows: "Twelve persons convicted of conspiracy to commit election frauds at Kansas City, Mo., in connection with the November, 1936, general election, failed today in the Supreme Court in their effort to escape punishment. The tribunal refused to review a decision by the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals affirming the convictions in the Federal District Court at Kansas City."

If, as the Senator charged, Mr. Milligan is not "professionally" or "morally qualified," if Judges Reeves and Otis are violently partisan, if defendants are being railroaded to prison, how does the Senator explain affirmation by the appellate court and refusal to review by the Supreme Court of the United States?

Senator Truman was particularly distressed that Judges Reeves and Otis "have made it perfectly plain to Mr. Milligan, and he has been able to see eye to eye with them, due to bankruptcy emoluments—that convictions of Democrats is what they want."

This should be read in the light of the statement made last week by the Federal grand jury. In indicting 18 more persons for fraud, the grand jury pointed that of the 18 persons, eight were Republicans and, of the 181 previously indicted, 70 were Republicans.

PRE-COCKTAIL AMERICA.

No itemized statement of the McNutt debut has been published, and no demand for such detailed information has been heard. Curiosity seems satisfied with the summary that the bill totted up \$5000. In the present scale of things, there's nothing in that figure to occasion talk, but gazed at in the dim light of historical comparison, it may induce a pause.

The month is May, the year 1936, the place Chicago, and the Republicans have chosen a candidate for President after milling days in that improvised convention hall, the "Wigwam." Carl Sandburg, in "The Prairie Years," thus tells it:

When Judge David Davis was asked what it cost to nominate Lincoln, he replied: "The entire expense of Lincoln's nomination, including headquarters, telegraphing, music, fare of delegations and other incidentals, was less than \$700."

The simple life. The Martini had not yet been invented, hors d'oeuvres had never crossed the Atlantic, and "to 7" was a vesperal period when America ate its supper and got ready to say its prayers and go to bed.

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NEW ENTRY IN THE RADIO WAR.

Radio listeners in South and Central America have a varied array of European broadcasts from which to select. Italian and German stations in particular are using all their persuasiveness to capture the Latin American ear. In the endeavor to serve both commercial and political interests. The broadcasts of these Powers are filled with propaganda, more or less subtle, in Spanish and Portuguese, designed to present their philosophy in its most favorable aspect. In recent months, their news broadcasts have contained many representations of conditions in the United States, in an effort to discredit democracy and weaken this country's influence in Latin America.

It was a challenge that could not be overlooked, and it is being met, but not by counter-attack. The national chains are broadcasting more and more of their best programs by short wave to South America, with special schedules in Spanish. Two powerful stations at Schenectady will begin this week the use of new frequencies, designed to blanket the southern continent. There is no occasion for controversial broadcasts, but the presentation of accurate news reports from this country can do much to nullify the Italian-German campaign. Nor is there need for the United States Government to set up its own station, as has been proposed, while commercial broadcasters give this service.

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The world's new battleground of ideas is the ether. It is reassuring to know that this country's broadcasters are counteracting Fascist influence among our neighbors.

Manager Frisch reports a fractured ankle, and Mr. Tennyson, with his "Break, break, break," is herewith appointed the Cardinals' poet laureate.

INEPTITUDE FROM A JAPANESE ADMIRAL.

The Japanese reputation for subtle diplomacy is hardy being demolished as it comes up against the hard necessities of the moment. For instance, the statement of Rear Admiral Ishimura, retired, has all the makings of a boomerang. The Admiral, recognized as one of Japan's foremost naval authorities, makes the claim that his country's sea-fighting force is superior to America's, and to "such an extent that America is unable to have anything like confidence in her navy's ability to cope with Japan."

For domestic consumption, this may be excellent fodder. But in the United States, the effect can be only to win support for the proposed increase in naval appropriations, now before Congress. If the Admiral wanted to accelerate the world naval race, in which he says Japan must participate, he couldn't have spoken better.

The test before the flight should be made to prevent the aviator from going into the air when he is clearly and dangerously unfit for service. It is neither fair nor good public policy that a knowledge of his fitness should not depend upon his own report. In combat flying in particular, he might well be prevented from making such a report through fear of being called a slacker or because of patriotism or personal pride. In commercial service, too, many reasons might operate to deter him from making a report of unfitness. The responsibility for making such a report should be taken out of his hands and consigned to a competent examiner.

The test at the end of the flight would indicate how well the aviator has stood the strain of his service. It would give valuable information as to his susceptibility to fatigue and make it possible to assign him to the length and kind of service he is capable of performing.

From the results of the tests, graphs or curves can be plotted which will give a splendid picture of the aviator's fitness, his endurance, his susceptibility to fatigue, the consistency of his service, etc. In short, these records would serve as the basis for a high type of personnel service in aviation.

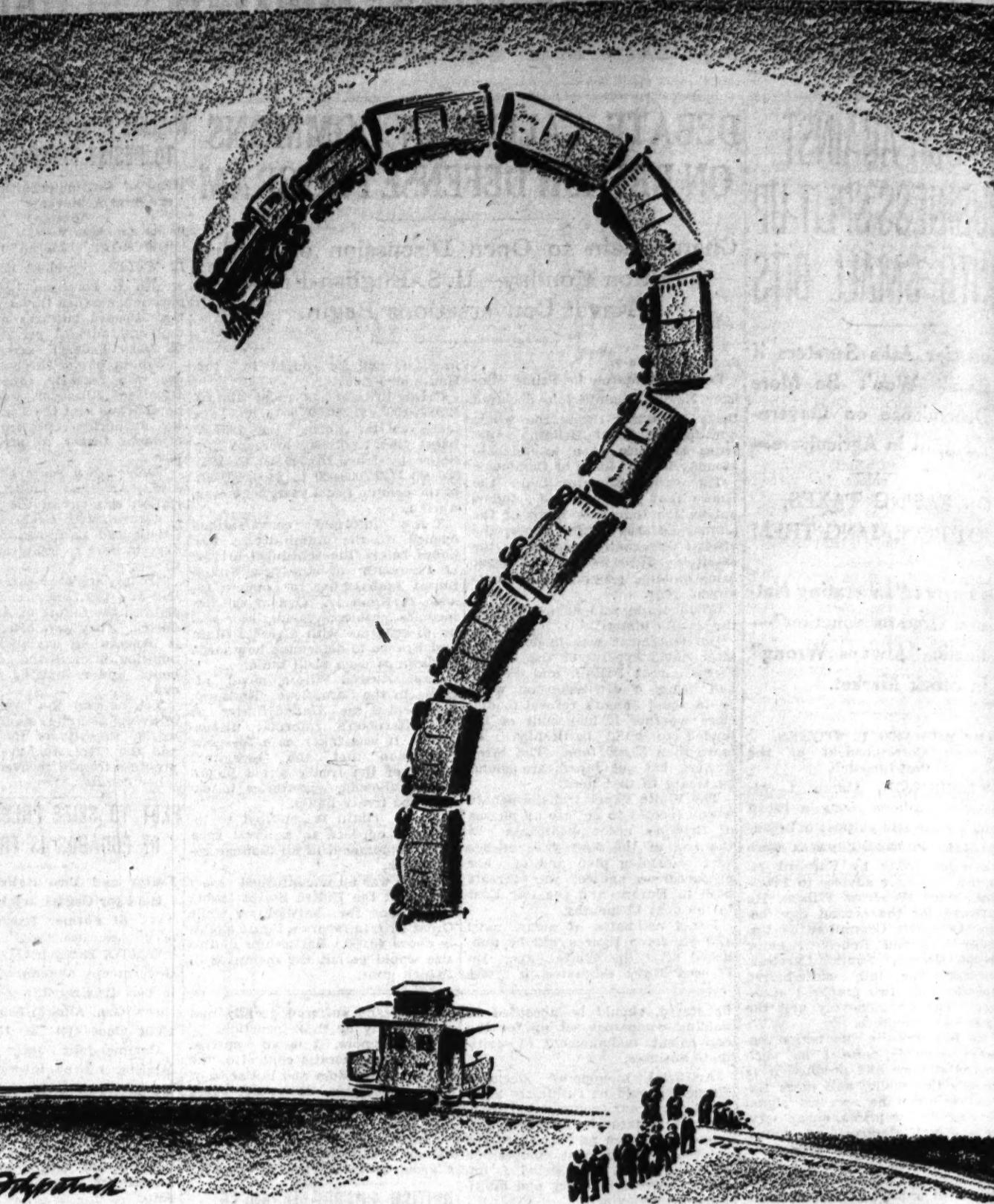
The test does not require more than 10 minutes to perform and the result can easily be given a numerical rating.

The instrument is easy and convenient to operate and the entire program well within the technical capabilities of the average flight surgeon.

With the growing conviction that the pilot is an important factor in the increasing number of airplane crashes, it seems that more attention should be paid to fitness in the selection of pilots and to making sure that they are fit for service at all times when they are called upon to render service.

It is strange indeed that so much care is taken to see that the plane is in perfect condition before a flight is undertaken and so little attention is given to the condition of the pilot.

The test is without doubt one of the most sensitive that has ever been devised for the detection of any imperfection in the oculomotor, accommodative or sensory functions or any temporal disturbance in these functions. It is with these temporal disturbances that we are particularly concerned in this



WHAT TO DO ABOUT THE RAILROADS?

Pilot Fitness and Airplane Crashes

The Jewel of Consistency

From the Milwaukee Journal.

ONLY yesterday, our isolationists in Congress were charging that United States had a secret alliance of some sort with Great Britain. That was their attack on the President's request for more ships. Senator Johnson introduced a resolution to find out if there was an agreement.

The whole tenor of the remarks made by the Johnson-Borah group in Senate and House was that America should go it alone and that co-operation with Great Britain was out of the question.

Well, Britain did go it alone, at least so far as we were concerned, and Prime Minister Chamberlain opened negotiations with Italy and Germany.

Now what do we hear in Congress? That Chamberlain had "double-crossed" us, betrayed us. That Great Britain has left us about the Prime Minister's "dealing with them"—that is, with the dictators. Congressman Kopplemann of Connecticut makes the outright double-cross charge. Wisconsin's Congressman O'Malley adds some of his foolishness.

If they don't want America to deal with England, even at arm's length, why do the isolationists object if England deals with somebody else? They suspected England because her ships happened to come down the Yangtze River with ours, bearing the dead and wounded after the regrettable occurrence around Nanking. They see in every ship we build another British plot to have us fight Britain's battles.

Yet Representative Kopplemann is all wrought up because Britain is "making overtures to the dictator nations when she should be joined with the English-speaking democracies against the threat of dictatorship."

If we are to be as completely isolationist as this group wants, how could another nation be "joined with us"? And if we were to be left as unprepared as this group would have us, who would want to

ON THE RECORD

By DOROTHY THOMPSON

Christianity's Crisis

CHANCELLOR SCHUSCHENIGG's speech was heroic. With it he certainly risked his career, and possibly, eventually, his life. During the whole history of the Nazi evolution in Germany, not one individual in high office has dared to take the stand that the Austrian Chancellor did last Thursday.

In the wave of "co-ordination" that swept over Germany in 1933, the heads of German states, the German bureaucracy, the German courts, the German press, were swept along as though by a mountain torrent. Socialists and democrats, capital and labor, science and art, all capitulated. Only at the door of the Christian churches, Protestant and Catholic, was the wave opposed.

Only from a few Christian pulpits have come ringing voices. The voice of His Eminence, Cardinal Faulhaber, of Munich. The voice of the Protestant pastor, Martin Niemoller, of Berlin, now on trial before the Nazi courts.

And these voices were backed up three months ago by a most amazing document—the manifesto to Hitler of the chaplains of the German army, in which the Leader of the Reich was warned that his fight against Christianity was demolishing the army and dividing the German people from one end of the country to the other.

That document never appeared, of course, in Germany. But it was made available to the world by the German press, and the full text of it appeared in the New York Times.

Now a dramatic struggle is going on in the Germanic world, precipitated by the events in Austria, is not even, in the first line, the issue of Austrian independence. Is whether the Germanic world is to be Christian or pagan, whether the Church of Christ in Germany is to be a universal church, open to all men, and representing universal principles, or whether it is to be a mere instrument of German racialism.

It is not a small issue, but a fundamental one. For allied with it are all the fundamental questions: Is government to be based on law, or on purely arbitrary? Is citizenship to be based on race, or on willingness to collaborate for the national welfare? Is justice to be "anything which serves Germany" or is it to take account of principles which have been written into the eastern law for hundreds of years? Is the state to be the final arbiter, or not? Is the human being to be classed and categorized and treated by the state according to the blood in his veins, or is he to be judged by his individual, personal behavior? Is man a human soul, or is he a creature damned and determined by his chromosomes? Is the German spirit to be one of conquest, or of reconciliation?

Perhaps the German Fuehrer knows this. For it is curious how desperately afraid he has become of the circulation of ideas outside his own country. He wants England, now, to "control" its own journalists! Foreign correspondents sent to Berlin must be "accredited" by the German Government. If they are not, the German press will not print their stories. That Great Britain must be.

Senator Johnson rises now to talk of the Prime Minister's "dealing with that is, with the dictators. Congressman Koppleman of Connecticut makes a straightforward charge. Wisconsin Congressman O'Malley adds some of boldness.

They don't want America to deal with Britain. They see in every deal with Britain to go it alone, at least as we were concerned, and Prime Minister Chamberlain opened negotiations with Great Britain. That was their attack on the President's request for more ships, for Johnson introduced a resolution to that effect.

The whole tenor of the remarks made by Johnson-Borah group in Senate and the way that America should go it alone that co-operation with Great Britain out of the question.

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These were not his words on Tuesday, but that is the basic implication of the fight for Austrian independence. The German Government, if they do not speak Nazi language, they will be put out—unless their own governments will discipline them.

So powerful in arms. And so afraid of words?

(Copyright, 1938.)

California Woman Dies at 111.

By the Associated Press

WOODLAND, Cal., March 1.

Mrs. Julia Richards, who said she was 111 years old, died yesterday of a heart attack. She smoked without weapons—what are the cigarettes and cigars to the last.

The Hub Cap-itol

TEACHERS' COMMITTEE ASSAILS DEWEY THEORY

'Essentialists' Declare That 'Progressive' Education Is Producing Illiterates.

By the Associated Press

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., March 1.—Charging that children are being cheated out of education by fancy new teaching methods, a group of educators rebelled today against the "progressive" system of teaching first advocated 20 years ago by John Dewey, Columbia University philosopher, and widely adopted in whole or part.

Prof. William C. Bagley of Teachers' College, Columbia, led the "essentialist" committee for the advancement of education, which has declared war on Dewey's system at the annual convention of the American Association of School Administrators here.

"In spite of its vast expense," the committee said in a statement today, "public education in the United States is in many ways appallingly weak and ineffective. Age for age, the average pupil in our elementary schools does not know as much about fundamentals as do pupils of other countries." If this is true of elementary school pupils, the committee continued, it is doubly true in high schools, "which yearly are more nearly approaching the primary level."

The committee declared increasing proportions of junior and senior high school students are "really illiterate" and "it is now taken for granted that high school students are not only untaught but effectively but require instruction in arithmetic and grammar."

The "essentialists" charge the "progressives" are using the public schools to propagandize for a "new social order."

They appointed a permanent council to combat the "progressive" system and fight for a return to "good, old-fashioned book learning."

The many pre-wedding parties

being planned for Miss Gerhard and her fiance, the only one for which definite arrangements have been made is a dinner dance which Mrs. Dorrit Oakley will give the night of March 17 at the Park Plaza.

Mr. Gaines is a son of Mrs. Olive S. Gaines, with whom he lives at 7039 Pershing avenue, and Arthur J. Gaines.

A deep bower of cymbidium fern

and palms, on which fell the light of tall white tapers, provided the setting for the wedding last night.

Miss Jane Davis and Woodrow McDavid Lamb, at the Church of the Ascension. The marriage service, by Rev. Dr. Bunting at 8 o'clock, before several hundred guests. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Thomas Davis, 716½ Kingsbury boulevard. Mr. Lamb is the son of Dr. and Mrs. Jones Houston Lamb, Paragould, Ark.

The bride, escorted by her father, passed down an aisle marked by burning tapers to an altar adorned with two large vases of white snapdragon, stock, Easter lilies and sweet peas. Miss Davis attended her sister as maid of honor. Mrs. Thomas A. Peterson, mother of the bridegroom; Miss Dorrit Davis, Kansas City; Mrs. James E. Nolan and Miss Ruth Schmidt were bridesmaids. John Mahon, young son of Mrs. Virginia R. Mahon, was ring bearer. Mr. Lamb had as his best man his brother, Weldon Lamb. Ushers were Frederick Guth, Frank L. Davis Jr., Paul Julian, a cousin of the bride; Robert E. Lungsnes Jr., William Wimmer Jr. and John R. Burns of Indianapolis, Ind., formerly of St. Louis.

The bride wore a gown of white satin fashioned on long, clinging lines. It had a heart-shaped neckline, a wide belt, a peplum and the short, puffed sleeves, which ended in a four-inch shirred band.

Her bridal veil of white tulie, followed the lines of the long, square train and fell from a small tulie cap trimmed with fragrant orange blossoms sent from Florida by Mrs. William Purnell Diggs, a close family friend. The wedding bouquet was a semi-shower of lilies of the valley, enclosed in white orchids.

The maid of honor and bridesmaids were in gowns of marquisette in neo-classic shades over matching taffeta. Miss Davis more natural. Mrs. Peterson's gown was in charmeuse; Miss Davis was in violet; turquoise was chosen for Mrs. Nolan's gown and Miss Schmidt wore pale coral. Their costumes were designed alike with heart-shaped necklines, close fitted bodices and full circular skirts that swept the floor. The only trimming was achieved by two pleated discs of the crisp fabric that covered the upper arm. They carried bouquets of white snapdragon and token gerbera, the latter blossoms harmonizing with the tone of the frock.

Mrs. Davis wore powder blue chiffon with a wide belt.

La Societe Francaise will observe

Mardi Gras tomorrow night at a masquerade ball in the rathskeller of Bevo Mill, to which the public is invited. In the tradition of original French settlers, the society plans to make the celebration tonight an occasion of "jollification, dancing and merry-making" before Lent, which begins tomorrow.

The entertainment is under the direction of Jack London, president, who is conducting a membership drive with the assistance of

Mrs. Davis.

The heat . . . always . . . at the temperature

for which the control is set, even if you should be called away from your ironing.

• See how easily you can adjust the heat control for any desired temperature.

• And remember the automatic switch (thermostat) inside of the iron maintains

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• And remember the automatic switch (

TUESDAY
MARCH 1, 1938.

MOBILES FOR SALE

RE THE TALK
F OF THE TOWN
RIENDS . . .

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

DAILY MAGAZINE

PART FOUR

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, MARCH 1, 1938.



WELL, I'LL TELL YOU—By BOB BURNS

OFTEN wonder why actors are misjudged so much by people who don't know 'em. A rich, middle-west farmer moved out here not long ago with his beautiful daughter. One day, a young fella came to him and asked him for his daughter's hand.

"Well, sir, when the father found out that the young

(Copyright, 1938.)

fella was an actor, he flew into a rage and says, "Now listen here, you loafer, I suppose you think you can marry my daughter and then I'll set you up in a home and make you rich?"

The young fella says, "No, sir, you misjudge me—I'm willin' to take her just for my room and board!"

PAGES 1-6D

PLYMOUTH

485 '36 PLYMOUTH SEDAN—Gummetal and good condition including tires, brand motor. **\$447**
3900 W. Pine JE. 6230
8086 '36 PLYMOUTH SEDAN—Beautiful 2-door touring; sound motor, good wood rubber; was \$535 — **\$460**
2837 N. Grand FR. 2000
7600 '37 PLYMOUTH DE LUXE SEDAN—Trunk, heater, blue color, wood tires; clean car; was \$625 — **\$520**
647 SOUTH SIDE BUICK CO.
6230 3834 S. Grand In Building LA. 7000

PONTIAC

7600 '31 PONTIAC COACH—New finish; ex-
the money — **\$95**
490 N. Kingshighway FO. 0122
490 N. Kingshighway FO. 0122
'34 PONTIAC SEDAN—Splendid 2-door
touring; good paint, good
rubber; sound **\$278**
2837 N. Grand FR. 2000
'34 PONTIAC 2-DOOR TOURING
Trunk, radio, 85% tires; me-
chanically A1; looks like new — **\$278**
3834 Grand In Building LA. 5100
'34 PONTIAC SEDAN—Motor, tires, up-
holstered perfect; will sell to see this car; 2 days only — **\$287**
490 N. Kingshighway FO. 0122
'34 PONTIAC COUPE—Original finish;
excellent condition mechani-
cally; has heater and radio — **\$285**
484 N. Kingshighway FO. 0122
'35 PONTIAC 2-DOOR COUPE—Original
black; sound motor, good
rubber; was \$395 — **\$368**
2837 N. Grand FR. 2000
'36 PONTIAC "G" SEDAN—Has trunk,
cut from \$595 — **\$545**
WEST SIDE BUICK COMPANY
2928 Locust St. JE. 5000

STUDEBAKER

25 '30 STUDEBAKER SEDAN—Nice family
car; good body, sound
motor; was \$125 — **\$76**
1613 KUHS BUICK
4290 Natural Gasoline CO. 1221
66 '33 STUDEBAKER SEDAN—Small 6-
cylinder model; very good car in a
popular size; our price makes it a
real value — **\$245**
490 N. Kingshighway FO. 0122
75 '35 STUDEBAKER COUPE—Has rumble
seat, radio; was \$455 — **\$375**
was \$455
WEST SIDE BUICK COMPANY
2928 Locust St. JE. 5000
N- '37 STUDEBAKER CUSTOM SEDAN—
28 6-cyl., overdrive; car like new; was \$695 — **\$628**
100 5626 Gravels In Building LA. 5100
SOUTH SIDE BUICK CO.

DEALER FIRST!

DAN COMPANIES

Friends to Sign?

Without Endorsers

For your auto, furniture, or on just
never be required to ask others
quired on ANY loan. Plain Note
GAGES.

Interest on Balances.

2 Bldg. 7th & Locust Sts. GARFIELD 3851
near St. Louis Ave. JEFFERSON 2627
3115 S. Grand at Arsenal ALCEDO 2606
Bldg. Second Floor CABANIA 1335
2 Bldg. of Walton Bldg. MULBERRY 4770

Under State Supervision

Healthloan

1938-1939

DANS Without Endorsers

can apply for a loan on Furniture, Car or
monthly payments. Up to 20 months
2 1/4% monthly on unpaid balances.

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1000, 3rd Floor Phone: GRAND 2021
1000 Barr - Olive near 7th - CENTRAL 7321
634 North Grand JEFFERSON 5300
7th & Locust Sts. GARFIELD 2650

Family Finance
FINANCE CORPORATION
WEST TUES. EVEN. 7:30, KWK

AUTOMOBILES

ECONOMY

2nd"

Mortgage Auto Loans

Expense of Refinancing
1938 LICENSE LOANS \$100
MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS
ANCE COMPANY
Open Evenings

SMALL LOAN COMPANIES

WE SPECIALIZE IN PAYING ALL YOUR BILLS!!!

Loans of \$10 to \$300
UP TO 22 MONTHS TO REPAY
Extensions Granted in Case of Sickness
or Unemployment
No Wages Required
2 1/4% A MONTH ON UNPAID BALANCE
PROMPT - COURTEOUS - CONFIDENTIAL

Phone, Wren or Come In
Established 1928
STATE FINANCE CO.
305 Central Nat'l Bank Bldg., CH. 7050
N. W. Corner 7th and Olive



SENATORS HEAR ACTORS

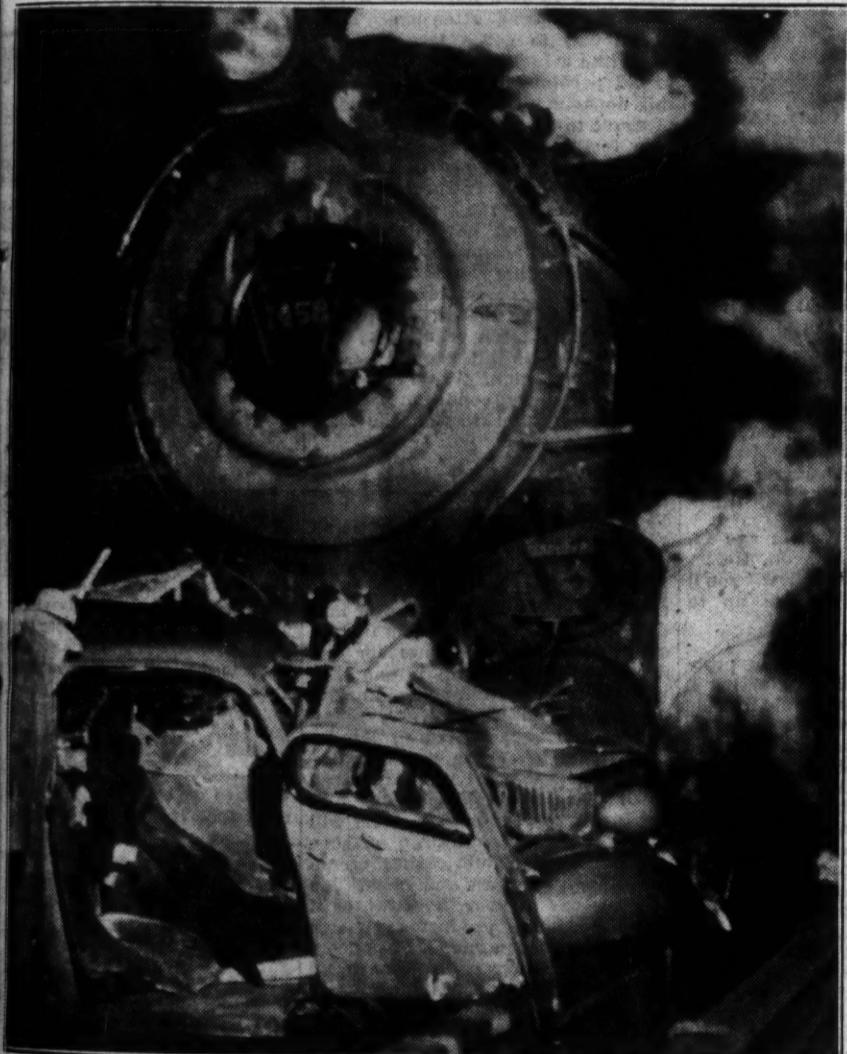
From left, Burgess Meredith, president of Actors Equity; Lillian Gish and Jane Cowl, stage stars, in Washington where they testified yesterday before a Senate Subcommittee. They urged the Government to shift its support for drama, music and literature from a relief status to a permanent Federal bureau of fine arts.



BALLOONS FOR MARKSMEN

German troops undergoing winter training in the Bavarian Alps, bringing up a supply of balloons to be used as targets for riflemen.

—Wide World Photo.



DEATH AT CROSSING Smashed automobile which was carried more than 3000 feet along the track by the locomotive near Rockville Center, N. Y. The driver was killed.

Associated Press Wirephoto



GALE IN WASHINGTON

day by a 46-mile-an-hour windstorm.

Workmen cutting up trees across the street from the Supreme Court building. They were uprooted yesterday.

—Associated Press Wirephoto



JUST SO HIGH! St. Bernard and Black and Tan entries in the annual Crufts dog show in London's Royal Agricultural Hall.

—Associated Press Photo.



FLOOD REFUGEES

Family with their chickens living in an army tent, supplied by the Red Cross, near Lewisville, Ark., after they were driven from their home by the flood-swollen Red River.

—Wide World Photo.



PRINCESSES POSE

Scene aboard the liner Conte di Savoia in New York harbor yesterday. Surrounded by newsreel cameras and lights are, from left, Princesses Ruhije, Myseyan and Maxhida, sisters of Albania's King Zog, who arrived for an American tour.

—Associated Press Photo.

Those
Blind
PartnersBy
Ely Culbertson

THE most beautiful love letter ever written would have little point of reason for being if it never reached its destination. In a more prosaic sense, messages flashed from one defender to the other at the bridge table fall flat as a pancake when the supposed recipient doesn't even suspect that he is being paged. I watched the defense of the following hand at a certain table of a duplicate game. It actually hurt me to see the brilliant effort of one defender vitiated by his partner's deafness, dumbness, and blindness.

North, dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.
Match-point duplicate.

♦A852
♦A73
♦Q6
♦AKQ

North
♦K643
♦KQ4
♦Q752
♦A92

♦Q10
♦K862
♦A74
♦A1084

West
♦J7
♦A1085
♦K1083
♦J873

South
1 spades
2 no trump
Pass
Pass

After considerable huddling, West opened the heart king, preferring this to leading from his terribly anemic heart suit. Dummy ducked and East encouraged with the nine spot. Although West was in no doubt as to East's desire for a heart continuation, the heart jack was by no means located.

East, not knowing that West's heart suit was the only three long, probably would have given the same nine spot if holding any four hearts. Moreover, West, after some consideration, saw another reason in favor of a shift. South had held the bidding open with one no trump, but had been so weak that even after North's strong raise (the raise of a negative no trump is a powerful bid), he had stopped short of game. Hence, it was a virtual certainty that South could not hold both the ace and king of diamonds, but there was reason to feel that he held one of those cards. If he also had four clubs to the jack, it would be vital to remove his diamond honor entry before dummy's A-K-Q of clubs were unblocked.

On this sound reasoning West shifted to his fourth highest diamond. Dummy ducked, East played the jack, and declarer won. Now, since declarer had been robbed of his only entry, he pointed his efforts to establishing tricks in the dummy, leading the double jack and letting it ride. West and dummy ducked and East won with the queen. At this point East started to go astray and continued to do so. Instead of hanging onto his diamond ace as an entry, instead of realizing that West might have a short heart suit and that he would want a heart lead through declarer so as to have that situation cleared up, East proudly laid down the diamond ace. West saw what was coming and made a valiant effort to guide his partner correctly by following to this trick with the nine of diamonds. (Surely, West reasoned, East could not fail to read this play as West's highest diamond. There would be absolutely no point in playing the nine if West also had the ten.) East missed the point, however. He blithely continued with diamonds, and declarer cashed his ten and eight before establishing dummy's spades. Instead of the contract being defeated one trick, declarer was permitted to make an over-trick, and a beautiful match-point score.

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So far as modern film technique is concerned," she said, "it originated with Griffith and finds its perfection in Disney. 'Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs' seems to me amply to demonstrate this. As I wired Mr. Disney after I first saw his new film: 'If Edison conceived the films and D. W. Griffith gave them birth, then David Warlock Griffith made straight a path for the future of the screen.'"

"I'm sure it sets a dangerous precedent not to have any living actors at all in a play production of such tremendous importance, but I'm equally certain there will be no deluge of 'Snow Whites' because there is only one Disney. There is

DAILY mAGAZINE

LILLIAN GISH on the THEATER

Actress Says Stage and Screen Have Little in Common—Praises Walt Disney

By Lucius Beebe



LILLIAN GISH—SHE BELIEVES THE AMERICAN SCENE NEEDS A SUBSIDIZED THEATER.

no danger that films of this sort will eliminate real screen actors or the speaking stage either from the competitive picture."

Miss Gish lives in a mist at once fragile, feminine and aware of professional triumphs without being awash with souvenirs and bibelots. Her long drawing room is papered with silver and hung with pale blue and yellow. There are enormous bowls of long-stemmed red roses, sweetpeas and other floral confetti unidentifiable to the non-horticultural eye. There is a white and noisy mop of a Fido on a sort of terrier order, also unidentified by the reporter. The pictures include a print of Lepage's Bernhardt, a substantial sized photograph of Gielgud in his Elsinore suit signed "Hamlet John." A wash drawing of Robert Edmund Jones's set for the last scene of "Camille," a Boardman Robinson elevation of the Central City Opera House, a signed photograph of Henry Irving and an etching of a Scotch border lord in court costume representing with orders and decorations.

There are also Conde Nast's handsome Christmas card of last year, an effigy of Miss Gish herself in porkie hat and leg-of-mutton sleeves of the '90s on a bicycle, and a profile of Mark Twain. The vis-

tual of partisan politicians, could and should remedy.

"And when I say that the theater must be given a breathing chance in America, I'm not in any sense depreciating the films and their function in our national life. One of their most important offices, as I see it, has been in the popularization of fine music. The symphony orchestras in the stage presentations and carefully written scores for the earlier silent films were probably the first agency to persuade great numbers of people in this country to listen to classical music. After a while people came to recognize the score as on a parity of importance with the film itself. Then they started coming early to hear the overture of the stage program when there was no show on the screen at all. If the silent films had done no more than that for public taste we should be in their debt."

And with that Miss Gish, her white woolly Fido and her colored butler-chauffeur took themselves off in the rain in the general direction of Carnegie Hall and Philharmonic.

"TOMORROW'S HOROSCOPE by WYNN

For Wednesday, March 2.

TOO many ego traps today; and they're likely to be baited with mighty tempting sweetmeats. Check up on what might be the negative emotions of greed or self-indulgence before putting your hand or your foot on a dotted line.

Future Puzzles.

If you seriously attempted to describe in writing your ideal environment, as suggested here yesterday, you probably ran into many serious difficulties—difficulties that involved the rights of others. And perhaps you ran into something else: speculation as to what future conditions in the world would be, whether you would have the same opportunities in the future as today.

Your Year Ahead.

Your year ahead between birthdays brings occupational and personal opportunities; in finances best bets are slow maturing, practical, future, rewards, changes due. Danger: May 2-June 13; Sept. 10-Nov. 9; and from Feb. 9, 1935.

Thursday.

A bit pessimistic, but can be used for valuable check-ups.

666 Colds and FEVER first day LIQUID, TABLETS, SALVE, NOSE DROPS Headache, 30 minutes

Problem of
Two Families
In One Home

By Juliet Shelby

Mistake for Young Married
Couple to Live With Par-
ents, Says Letter Writer.

By Elsie Robinson

"TWO families under one
roof."

But how about the Old Folk
just what sort of a break do Gram-
pa and Gramma get? George T. Powell
Jr. of Macon, Ga., is asking—in a
letter which should make many a
selfish young couple Stop, Look and
Listen.

"Dear Elsie—

"I am absolutely against married
couple living with their parents,
unless it is a matter of family ne-
cessity, and even then it is a dan-
gerous experiment, for it encour-
ages selfishness and weakness in
the Newlyweds."

"Why should old folks who have
reared a family be worried with a
bride and groom? Why should
Grandma and Grandpa have to
train their grandchildren? Why
should they have to prepare lunch
for Junior when he comes in from
school, or see that Johnnie doesn't
go out without his sweater, or that
Susie eats her spinach? It's all
wrong. It puts the home responsi-
bility on the old folks who ought
in common decency, to be 'taking
things easy' instead of having to
work harder."

"If the young couple both work,
then poor Father and Mother must
answer the door, receive all the tele-
phone calls, send out the laundry,
take in the dry cleaning, buy and
have home and cook the groceries,
run smoothly at all times. And, if
either one of the older ones gets sick,
poor Father and Mother must call
the doctor and wait upon the pa-
tient. These are the very things
young married folks needs to do for
themselves."

"Home-making cannot be learned
overnight. It is only learned by
the painful and personal repetition
of daily humdrum tasks and sacri-
fices. Living with or on, the home
folks may save the young folks
money, but it won't teach them in-
dependence; it will make them soft
and incapable of planning for their
best interests."

"Newlyweds should learn from
the birds—get out and fly on their
own when they're ready."

"GEORGE T. POWELL, age 24,
"Macon, Ga."

What a grand son-in-law you'll
make, George, if you live up to
your ideas!"

"HERE'S another domestic prob-
lem which has been starting a
string of bathtubs: Should a bride
put all her savings into the new
home when she weds . . . and give
her new husband absolute faith?"

"Yes!" says young Mrs. Eliza-
beth Mavis of Clintonville, Wis.

"Dear Miss Robinson:

"I believe every bride should give
all her savings toward the new
home. It establishes marriages on
the right foundation of faith and
confidence. The wife who has
worked and saved money knows
what a man's work means to him
and they have much more in com-
mon. Teamwork is the basis of
success in marriage—teamwork
both in savings and faith."

"Tangible things acquired togeth-
er cement love. If, after contribut-
ing her savings, the wife still feels
she would like to save money for
emergencies, I suggest saving a lit-
tle out of her allowance each week.
A small amount put aside adds up
fast. Show me the man who is not
happy to find that his wife has
salted away a little for the rainy
day or some unexpected mishap."

"Mrs. Elizabeth Mavis, Age 27,
"Clintonville, Wis."

"Dear Miss Robinson:

"I don't believe a girl should put
all her savings into a home. There's
a transition time in marriage—for
a girl—between her former finan-
cial independence and her new de-
pendence on her husband. If she
has a little money of her own to
lean on, it will bridge that time."

"Besides—men are not saints. No
man can know what a man really
is before marriage. How does she
know he will play fair? Faith is
fine, but one must make sure that
both parties are capable of it. 'Bet-
ter be sure than sorry' . . . there
are enough divorces . . . why not
do one's best to ward another one
off? After a fair trial, any normal
girl should be willing to give every-
thing."

"If a man can't afford marriage
let him wait until he can. Also,
there are plenty of times, later on,
when the bride's savings may be
more needed than at first."

"Ethel Stiles, Age 21,
"New Auburn, Wis."

"Prune-Cheese Salad

Twenty-four cooked, seeded

One-half cup cottage cheese.

Two cups chopped cabbage.

One-half cup diced apple.

One-fourth teaspoon salt.

One-half cup broken nuts.

One-half cup salad dressing.

Stuff prunes with cheese. Chill.

Mix rest of the ingredients and add

prunes. Serve in a bowl.

Shock Is Used
For Treatment
Of Mental Ill-

By Martha Carr

Minds Brought Back to
Normality With Insulin
and Matrazol.

By
Logan Clendenning, M. D.

WE recently have been hearing
a great deal about a form of
mental disease by which the mind
is so disturbed that it may pos-
sibly be shocked into getting back
on the tracks.

The mental disturbances which
this method has been most suc-
cessful are those called the "split per-
sonalities" or "schizophrenia." They
are sometimes called also "dement-
ia praecox" because they are likely
to affect young people. The condition
has been rightly called "living
death" because the patients draw
into themselves, take no interest in
the outside world, and appear
to hibernate. They sit in one position
and do not answer questions. They
show no initiative or no desire to
take part in the activities of other

The substance which was first
used in these cases was insulin
which for those of us with dry skins
is fatal to the skin as our steam heat-
ed houses. The heat seems to liter-
ally draw all the natural oil and
moisture right out. English girls
with peaches and cream complexions
are always complaining about
"overheated" American houses,
and quite rightly so. The cold weather
and wind has also



ALICE FROST POSSESSES A LOVELY SKIN.

added its bit toward helping to
wreck our complexions.

About this time of year it's a
great idea to give our skins a little
high powered attention. This is
the way to get a face to look
more like a face and less like a bit
of old parchment. A method that
this department swears by its very
pleasant to do, it really makes your
face feel like a million, and gets
you back on the dewy complected
side in a remarkably short time.

Probably even more remarkable
than insulin has been the use of
a drug called "metrazol." This
causes very profound changes in the
body and usually results in a convulsive
attack if given in sufficient dosage. It
is used in dementia praecox because
according to alienists, epilepsy and
dementia praecox are absolutely
antagonistic.

Metrazol upsets all the chemistry
of the body and produces a convul-
sion. The hope is that when the
mind begins to recover from the
convulsion it will somehow thru-
itself back into gear.

Both of these treatments are
very dangerous, but the condition
of the patient is usually so desperate
that death would be more welcome
than a continuation of the dis-
tressed state, and most people will
take the risk in order to take the
chance of a good result.

I have seen one or two instances
of the operation of these methods
which are quite remarkable. Reports
from many sources indicate that as
much as 50 per cent of good results
can possibly be obtained.

N. C. P.: "I would like to know
what to do to stop my little daugh-
ter's feet from sweating."

Answer: Soaking morning and
night in a cool solution of formal-
dehyde—one teaspoon to a quart
water.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Seven pamphlets
by Dr. Clendenning can now be
obtained by sending 10 cents
coin, for each, and a self-addressed
envelope, stamped with a 3-cent
stamp, to Dr. Logan Clendenning,
of this paper. The pamphlets are:
"Three Weeks' Reduction,"
"Indigestion and Constipation,"
"Reducing and Gaining," "Infant
Feeding," "Instructions for the
Treatment of Diabetes," "Female
Hygiene," and "The Care of the
Hair and Skin."

I have had this experience
where my husband thought we
couldn't afford to give a penny, we
had given a nickel. And we have
had it return tenfold, sometimes

The woman who wrote resented
spending—for herself—for instance.
But she should remember that
she is creating work for gathering,
packing, shipping and manufacturing
before it reaches the consumer. The
more work, the more wrong thinking
there will be. And wrong thinking
will not help. If "Very Worried"
will do a thought of thanks
for those who have, she will soon
have more to worry. Worry will not
help; it only sends people to hospitals,
asylums and cemeteries.

Trust and hope will clear a
way out. THANKFUL.

Dear Mrs. Carr:

Since the subject of religion, you may
be unable to publish it in your column.
It is of a very general nature,
however, and I hope you
can do so as it may bring help to
man who needs it very much.

MARIA L.

I should be only too glad to use

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

DAILY MAGAZINE

By ROB EDEN

RADIO PROGRAMS FOR TODAY

By Dale Carnegie

a formal banquet in London. It was the first time he had spoken in public. He was immensely impressed by the occasion. He noticed that every speaker began by saying sonorously: "His Majesty, the King; My Lords, Ladies and Gentlemen," or whatever the British tongue on such occasions. Schwartwrote these words down on the table cloth; and when he got up to speak, he leaned over, read what he had written, and repeated it word for word. Then with a sigh of relief, he added: "Thank God, that is over. Now I am going to be natural."

The audience applauded heartily. (Copyright, 1938.)



YOUR
DOES
WDER

so much cleaner, your mouth so refreshed and your breath so sweet and pure.

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder is a special dental powder developed for HOME USE by a distinguished practicing dentist. Free from all acids, grinds or pumice, it cannot possibly injure or scratch the tooth enamel as years of constant use have shown. Even as a neutralizer in acid mouth conditions, Dr. Lyon's is an effective antacid.

Brush your teeth with Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder regularly—consult your dentist periodically—eat a diet rich in minerals and vitamins, and you will be doing all that you can possibly do to protect your teeth.

Dr. Lyon's is more economical to use. In the same size and price class Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder outlasts tooth pastes two to one. Even a small package will last you for months.

KSD Programs

For Tonight.

KSD's program schedule for the evening includes:

- At 5 p. m., "Terry and the Pirates" serial.
- At 5:15, "Dick Tracy," serial.
- At 5:30, "Sportlights"; Roy Stockton and Frank Eschen.
- At 5:45, "Little Orphan Annie," serial.
- At 6, Amos and Andy.
- At 6:15, Vocal Varieties.
- At 6:30, Vic Arden's orchestra and soloists.
- At 6:45, "Alpine Varieties"; Hal Bailey, baritone; Helen O'Connell, singer, and Russ David's orchestra.
- At 7, Russ Morgan's orchestra; "Johnny the Call Boy" and Charles Martin's thrill period.
- At 7:30, Wayne King's orchestra.
- At 8, "Vox Pop."
- At 8:30, Hollywood Mardi Gras program; Lanny Ross; Florence George, singer; Walter O'Keefe; Charles Butterworth, Don Wilson and Raymond Paige's orchestra.
- At 9:30, Jimmy Fidler's Hollywood Gossips.
- At 9:45, Dale Carnegie, noted writer and lecturer.
- At 10, Weather Report and sign off for KFUO.

At 11, Woody Herman's orchestra. At 11:30, Mike Riley's orchestra.

St. Louis stations broadcast on the following channels: KSD, 550 kc.; KWX, 1350 kc.; KMOX, 1090 kc.; WIL, 1200 kc.; WEW, 760 kc.; KFUO, 1000 kc.; 1300 kc. KSD—MIDDAY SPORTS PREVIEW WITH FRANK ESCHEN; KMOX—"The Voice of the Air"; WEW—Market and Home program; WIL—

WILSON'S ARMS; KWX—Organ Melodies.

KSD—ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS; MARKET REPORTS; KMOX—Hollywood in person; WIL—The Walker; WEW—Kens' Kettle Civic Orchestra.

KSD—LUNCHEON DANCE MUSIC.

KSD—"The Voice of the Air," KMOX—Inquiring Reporter. WEW—

WIL—Tucker's Club.

WEW—Rhythm Review. WEW—News Rhythm Review. WEW—News WEWPA (316 meg.)—Emergen

cy Orders.

12:15 KSD—MARKET REPORTS; KMOX—Hollywood in person; WIL—The Walker; WEW—Kens' Kettle Civic Orchestra.

1:30 KSD—LUNCHEON DANCE MUSIC.

KSD—"The Voice of the Air," KMOX—Inquiring Reporter. WEW—

WIL—Tucker's Club.

WEW—Rhythm Review. WEW—News WEWPA (316 meg.)—Emergen

cy Orders.

1:45 KSD—SONG IN CARMEN; KMOX—Organ recital. KMOX—The O'Neill sketch. WEW—Ralph Kellerman.

1:50 KSD—JUDY AND JANE; WIL—Opportunity program. KMOX—"The Voice of the Air," KMOX—Inquiring Reporter. WEW—

WIL—Tucker's Club.

WEW—Rhythm Review. WEW—News WEWPA (316 meg.)—Emergen

cy Orders.

1:55 KSD—JOHNNY PRESENTS; KMOX—MORGAN'S ORCHESTRA; drama.

1:56 KSD—KID'S ORCHESTRA.

1:57 KSD—THE GUIDING LIGHT.

1:58 KSD—NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN; WIL—Swing Sextet. KMOX—"The Editor's Daughter," serial.

1:59 KSD—TODAY'S TALE; WIL—Jewell's Command and Organ. WEW—Jewell's Command and Organ. KMOX—Singing Sam; KWX—

2:00 KSD—WIL—Page Drama. KMOX—One Woman's Opinion; Josephine Hart; KMOX—Piano recital. WEW—Harvest Moon.

2:01 KSD—Agricultural News. WIL—Dianapation. KMOX—Kitty Keene.

2:02 KSD—CADETS' QUARTET.

2:03 KSD—HUGHES; KMOX—Katy Vassar; KWX—Camp Fire Girls program.

2:04 KSD—RUSH HUGHES, commentator.

2:05 KSD—LET'S Dance. WEW—Tea Dances. KMOX—"Follow the Moon," Glen Organ, organ.

2:06 KSD—MIDNIGHT FIDDLEBEE'S "HOLLOWWOOD GOSSP."

2:07 KSD—"THE VOX POP."

2:08 KSD—"THE LITTLE ORPHAN ANNIE."

2:09 KSD—"LITTLE ORPHAN ANNIE."

2:10 KSD—"TERRY AND THE PIRATES," serial.

2:11 KSD—"DICK TRACY," serial.

2:12 KSD—"SPORTLIGHTS," serial.

2:13 KSD—"LITTLE ORPHAN ANNIE."

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2:98 KSD—"LITTLE ORPHAN ANNIE."</

Toonerville Folks—By Fontaine Fox

(Copyright, 1938.)



Popeye—By Segar

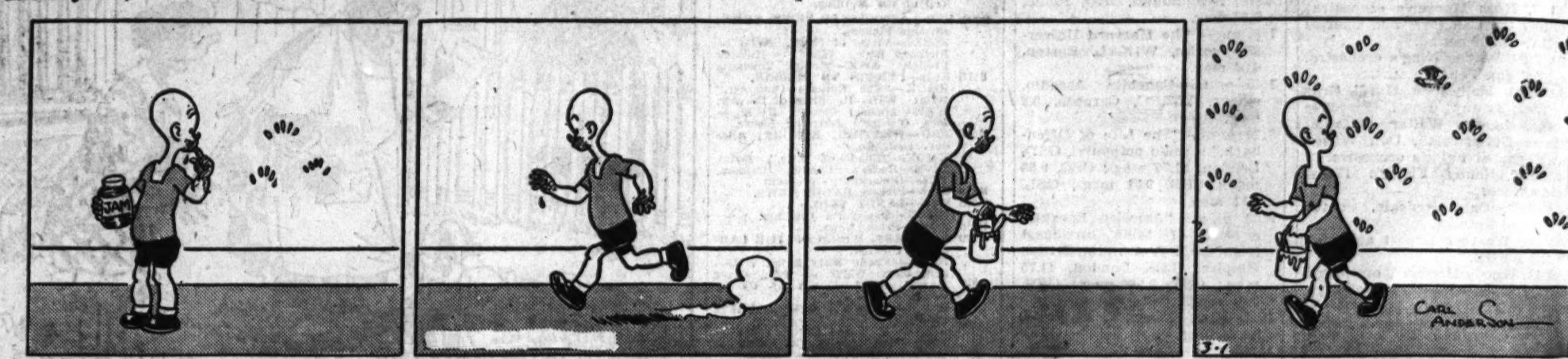
A Boy in Love

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Henry—By Carl Anderson

(Copyright, 1938.)



Jasper—By Frank Owen

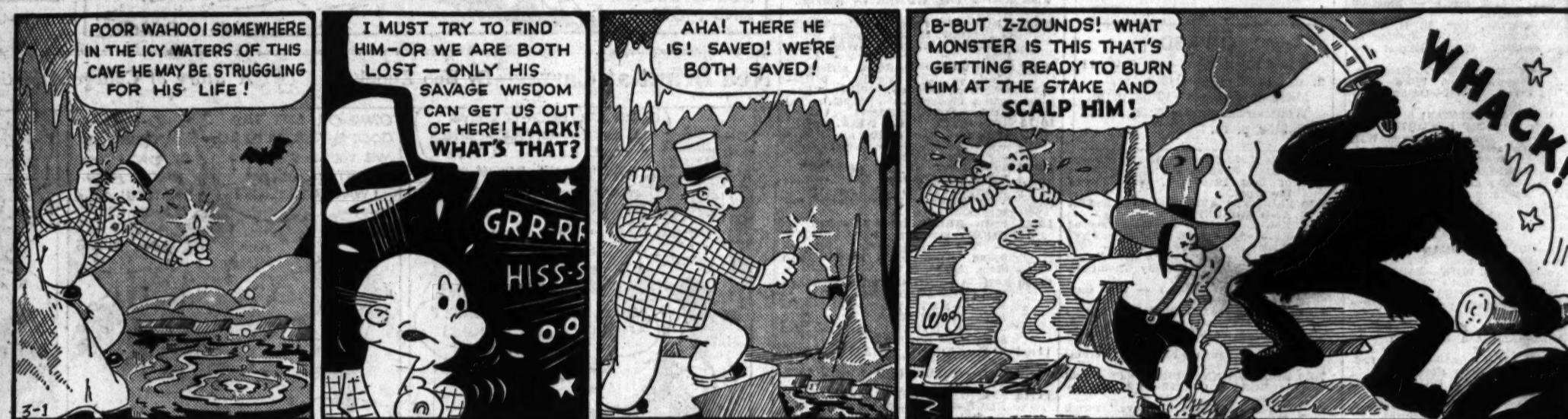
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Mysterious Stranger

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Li'l Abner—By Al Capp

He's Always in a Fog

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Skippy—By Percy L. Crosby

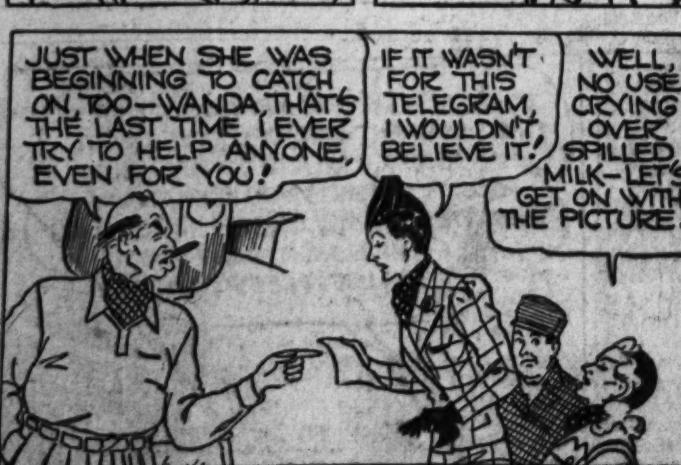
Rackets for Rowing



Blondie—By Chic Young

Get the Dog Satchel Ready, Too!

(Copyright, 1938.)



Trend of Today

Stocks easy. Bonds s.
Foreign exchange mixed.
Wheat lower. Corn firm.

VOL. 90, NO. 178.

VIVIANOS AND
U. S. SETTLE
TAX CLAIM
FOR \$80,000

Three Brothers Placed on
Probation—To Pay \$35,000
000 Cash, \$45,000
Notes, With \$7500 De-
Every Six Months.

PLEADED GUILTY
TO 1929 EVASIO

Judge Davis Accepts Agree-
ment Because Gover-
ment in Coming to Term
"Has Entered Macaroni
Business."

The three Viviano brothers
Vito, Gaetano and Salvatore
macaroni manufacturers were
placed on probation for three years
today in Federal court, after
they had agreed to pay the Government
\$30,963 to settle the civil
claim against them for income
taxes evaded in the five years, 1933
to 1935, inclusive.

The three had pleaded guilty
two weeks ago, to criminal charge
of evading 1929 taxes. Terms of
the civil settlement were made
known to United States District
Judge Charles B. Davis today when
they appeared before him for sentence.

Note Secured by Mortgage.

District Attorney Harry C. Blanton informed the Court \$35,963 was
to be paid in cash. The Vivianos have
given notes for the \$45,000 balance,
payable in semi-annual installments of
\$7500 during the next three years.

The \$30,963 to be paid by the
Vivianos represents \$45,668 in taxes
a penalty of \$22,581, and interest
computed to Jan. 4, of \$14,899.

To secure the note the Vivianos
have given the Government a first
mortgage on the real estate owned
by their macaroni company at 1025
North Seventh street and posted
the capital stock of the company
as collateral. In addition Blanton said, the Government will
have a representative on the company's board of directors, and the
three brothers have given to the
Attorney-General their written
agreements as officers of the company,
to be effective at the pleasure
of the Attorney-General.

District Attorney Blanton made
no recommendation to the court
regarding the sentence. The maximum
punishment might have been
five years in prison and fines of
\$10,000.

Judge Davis' Comment.

Judge Davis, in stating his rea-
son for withholding sentence of
imprisonment, said:

"It is apparent that the Govern-
ment, by entering into the contract
with the defendants, has entered
the macaroni business for a period
of three years. If the defendants
are sent to prison, the result probably
would be increased difficulty
on the part of the Government in
securing payment of the notes,
consequently the court is not dis-
posed to direct that the defendants
be imprisoned at this time.

"It appears from the statements
of counsel in this case, that the
liabilities growing out of the
transaction entered into by the
Vivianos with the Government, and
continued:

"Under the law, as covering the
charge in the indictment, the punishment
can be either a fine or im-
prisonment, or both.

"As far as imposition of a fine
is concerned, the Court has been
informed that the cash resources
of the defendants have been com-
pletely exhausted by the payment
of \$35,000. If the Court should im-
pose a fine, the Court would no
doubt be requested to grant time
for the defendants to pay. By virtue
of that fact and other circum-
stances, the Court is reluctant to
impose a fine.

Government in Business.

"As far as the other alternative
imprisonment is concerned," the
Court then continued, with the
statement already quoted that the
Government had entered the maca-
roni business for three years.
There are other considerations
in this case, and we do not under-
stand to say that the defendants
are not aware of their part in this
matter. I am inclined to think
that the defendants knew that the
continued on Page 3, Column 3.